



Introducing AVAST

The best things in life are free
& Linux Desktop Trojans

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Active users on Oct 1st 2013

197,551,618

Active users in ± 16 days:

200,000,000+



200,000,000+



AVAST Proud Beer Sponsor 2012

2nd place

Jiří Bracek

AVG



1st place

Dmitry Gryaznov

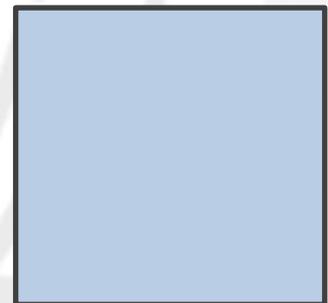
McAfee



3rd place

Roman Kováč

ESET



Are Linux Desktop Systems threatened by Trojans?

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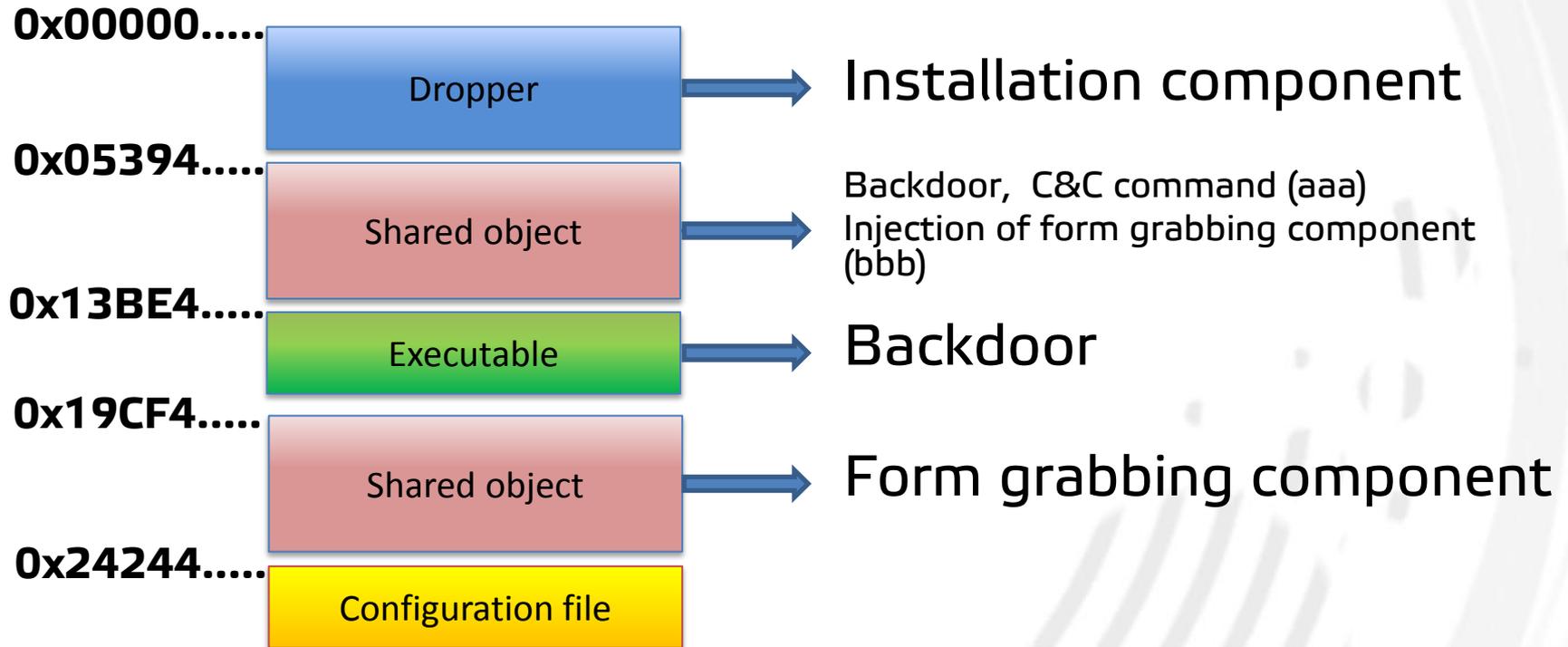
Outline

- The story of Trojans on Linux desktops
- Structure of the Hand of Thief Trojan
- Functionality of the Hand of Thief Trojan
 - Injections methods
 - Backdoor scripts
 - Form grabbing of browsers
- Discussion of the viability of the threat

The story of Linux Trojans

- Multi:Wirenet, summer 2012 (mentioned in Forbes)
 - All versions: Windows, Linux and OSX
 - Keylogging, stealing of password files of browsers, backdoor
- Hand of Thief (ELF:Hanthie)
 - RSA blog 9th August – admin panel; bot builder; \$2000 price
 - AVAST blog 27th August – mainly static analysis
 - RSA 3rd September – dynamic analysis → **not viable!**

Structure of HoT



Structure of HoT - Config

```
entry "MainConfig"  
    GateURL "http:///10.0.61.20/hat/gate.php"  
    Port 80  
    KnockDelay 300  
    BotKey "s3cr3t_b0t_k3y"  
    EncryptionKey "VeryStrongEncryptionKey123456789"  
end  
entry "FormGrabber"  
    EnableFG 1  
    EnableFirefox 1  
    EnableChromium 1  
    EnableChrome 1  
    GrabPOST 1  
    GrabGET 1  
    GrabREFERER 1  
    GrabCOOKIE 1  
end  
entry "BlockedHosts"  
    Block ...  
end
```

Features of Hand of Thief

- Self- Protection
- Backdoor capabilities
- Injection methods
- Form grabbing (Man-in-the-browser)

Features of HoT – Self-Protection

- Dropper packed with UPX
- XOR Obfuscation of character strings with varying byte-key
- Additional components encrypted with AES256
- Persistence:
 - Binary: `~/.config/.System-Firewalls/system-firewall.s3cr3t_b0t_k3y.config`
 - Shortcut: `~/.config/autostart/system-firewall.s3cr3t_b0t_k3y.desktop`

Features of HoT – Self-Protection

- Antivirtualization:
 - Is string VBOX, Vmware in */proc/scsi/scsi*?
 - Is string QEMU, PowerVM Lx86, IBM/S390 in */proc/cpuinfo*?
 - OpenVZ: is access to */proc/vz*?
 - Xen hypervisor: is access to */proc/xen/capabilities*?
- Antimonitoring:
 - Is Wireshark running?
 - Is tcpdump running?

Features of HoT – Bind shell

- Bind shell
 - attacker sends "bind" command to victim
 - victim executes *unix-daemon* with parameters <port> and <password>
 - attacker uses "telnet <victim> <port>" to connect to victim
- bind shell - used to connect to system with public IPs

Features of HoT – Reverse shell

- Reverse shell
 - attacker starts listening server "nc -vv -k -l <port>"
 - attacker sends "bc" command to victim
 - victim executes *p0stfix* daemon with parameters <attacker> <port>
- reverse shell - used to connect to systems behind NAT or firewall, private IPs

Features of HoT – SOCKS5 proxy

- Establishing the proxy SOCKS5 connection:

The screenshot displays three overlapping windows illustrating the setup of a SOCKS5 proxy:

- Terminal Window:** Shows the execution of a proxy script. The command `sudo ./proxy_socks5-orig.pl 111` is run, and the user provides the password 'slave'.
- Connection Settings Dialog:** A dialog box titled 'Configure Proxies to Access the Internet'. The 'Manual proxy configuration' option is selected. The 'SOCKS Host' is set to 'localhost' and the 'Port' is '111'. The 'SOCKS v5' radio button is selected.
- Net Activity Viewer:** A network monitoring tool showing a table of active connections. The table has columns for Protocol, Local Port, State, Remote Address, Remote Port, and Remote Host.

Protocol	Local Port	State	Remote Address	Remote Port	Remote Host
tcp	53 domain	LISTEN	*	*	.
udp	53 domain		*	*	.
udp	68 bootpc		*	*	.
tcp	111 sunrpc	LISTEN	*	*	.
tcp	631 ipp	LISTEN	*	*	.
tcp6	631 ipp	LISTEN	*	*	.
udp	5353 mdns		*	*	.
udp6	5353 mdns		*	*	.
tcp	33380	CLOSE_WAIT	91.189.94.41	80 http	backoo.canonical.com
tcp	33381	CLOSE_WAIT	91.189.94.41	80 http	backoo.canonical.com
tcp	33382	CLOSE_WAIT	91.189.94.41	80 http	backoo.canonical.com
tcp	33383	CLOSE_WAIT	91.189.94.41	80 http	backoo.canonical.com
udp6	35162		*	*	.
tcp	51057	ESTABLISHED	192.168.56.1	139 netbios-ssn	.
udp	52224		*	*	.
tcp	53067	CLOSE_WAIT	91.189.89.144	80 http	mistletoe.canonical.com

Summary statistics at the bottom of Net Activity Viewer: Established: 1/16 Sent: 371 KB +0 B/s Received: 13 MB +0 B/s

Features of HoT – SOCKS5 proxy

- Handshake

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	74	51377 > sunrpc [SYN]
2	0.000010	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	74	sunrpc > 51377 [SYN,
3	0.000016	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	66	51377 > sunrpc [ACK]

- Available authentication methods:

```
▶ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51377 (51377), Dst Port: sunrpc (111), Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 3
▶ Remote Procedure Call
.....0.. ...mFN..
...+.... ...j.3.j
.e5 33 05 01 00 .3...
```

- Chosen NO_AUTH method:

```
▶ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: sunrpc (111), Dst Port: 51377 (51377), Seq: 1, Ack: 4, Len: 2
▶ Remote Procedure Call
...o...m fN.....
...*.... ...j.3.j
.e5 33 05 00 .3..
```

Features of HoT – SOCKS5 proxy

- Establish TCP connection to domain name

```
▶ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51377 (51377), Dst Port: sunrpc (111), Seq: 4, Ack: 3, Len: 21
▶ Remote Procedure Call
0030  10 03 fe 3d 00 00 01 01 08 0a 01 6a e5 33 01 6a  ...=.... ...j.3.j
0040  e5 33 05 01 00 03 0e 77 77 77 2e 67 6f 6f 67 6c  .3.....w ww.googl
0050  65 2e 63 6f 6d 00 50                               e.com.P
```

- Request granted

```
▶ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: sunrpc (111), Dst Port: 51377 (51377), Seq: 3, Ack: 25, Len: 21
▶ Remote Procedure Call
0030  10 00 fe 3d 00 00 01 01 08 0a 01 6a e5 33 01 6a  ...=.... ...j.3.j
0040  e5 33 05 00 00 03 0e 77 77 77 2e 67 6f 6f 67 6c  .3.....w ww.googl
0050  65 2e 63 6f 6d 00 50                               e.com.P
```

- Query

```
▶ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51377 (51377), Dst Port: sunrpc (111), Seq: 25, Ack: 24, Len: 534
▶ Remote Procedure Call
0040  e5 33 47 45 54 20 2f 20 48 54 54 50 2f 31 2e 31  .3GET / HTTP/1.1
0050  0d 0a 48 6f 73 74 3a 20 77 77 77 2e 67 6f 6f 67  ..Host: www.googl
0060  6c 65 2e 63 6f 6d 0d 0a 55 73 65 72 2d 41 67 65  le.com.. User-Age
0070  6e 74 3a 20 4d 6f 7a 69 6c 6c 61 2f 35 2e 30 20  nt: Mozilla/5.0
0080  50 50 01 01 01 00 55 00 75 00 74 75 01 00 01 00  (M) (M) (M) (M)
```

Features of HoT – SOCKS5 proxy

- Response

```
▶ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: sunrpc (111), Dst Port: 51377 (51377), Seq: 24, Ack: 559, Len: 575
▶ Remote Procedure Call
0040  e5 34 48 54 54 50 2f 31 2e 31 20 33 30 32 20 46  .4HTTP/1 .1 302 F
0050  6f 75 6e 64 0d 0a 4c 6f 63 61 74 69 6f 6e 3a 20  ound..Lo cation:
0060  68 74 74 70 3a 2f 2f 77 77 77 2e 67 6f 6f 67 6c  http://w ww.googl
0070  65 2e 63 7a 2f 3f 67 77 73 5f 72 64 3d 63 72 26  e.cz/?gw s_rd=cr&
```

Features of HoT - Injection

Command	Action
<code>ptrace(PTRACE_ATTACH, ...)</code>	Attach to the target process
<code>waitpid(...)</code>	Wait for target to stop (SIGSTOP)
<code>ptrace(PTRACE_GETREGS, ...)</code>	Read target's registers
<code>ptrace(PTRACE_PEEKTEXT, ...)</code>	Backup 0x800 bytes from target's stack
<code>ptrace(PTRACE_POKETEXT, ...)</code>	Write library name into target's stack
<code>ptrace(PTRACE_SETREGS, ...)</code>	Modify target's registers
<code>ptrace(PTRACE_CONTINUE, ...)</code>	Run target
<code>waitpid(...)</code>	Wait for target to finish (SIGSEGV)
<code>ptrace(PTRACE_SETREGS, ...)</code>	Restore target's registers
<code>ptrace(PTRACE_POKETEXT, ...)</code>	Restore target's stack
<code>ptrace(PTRACE_DETACH, ...)</code>	Detach from the target process

Features of HoT - Injection

Stack before and after injection:

address	Original value	New value
esp + 0	Return address	0
esp + 4	First function parameter	address of szLibraryName
esp + 8	Second function parameter	Flag
esp+0x400	Arbitrary data on stack	szLibraryName

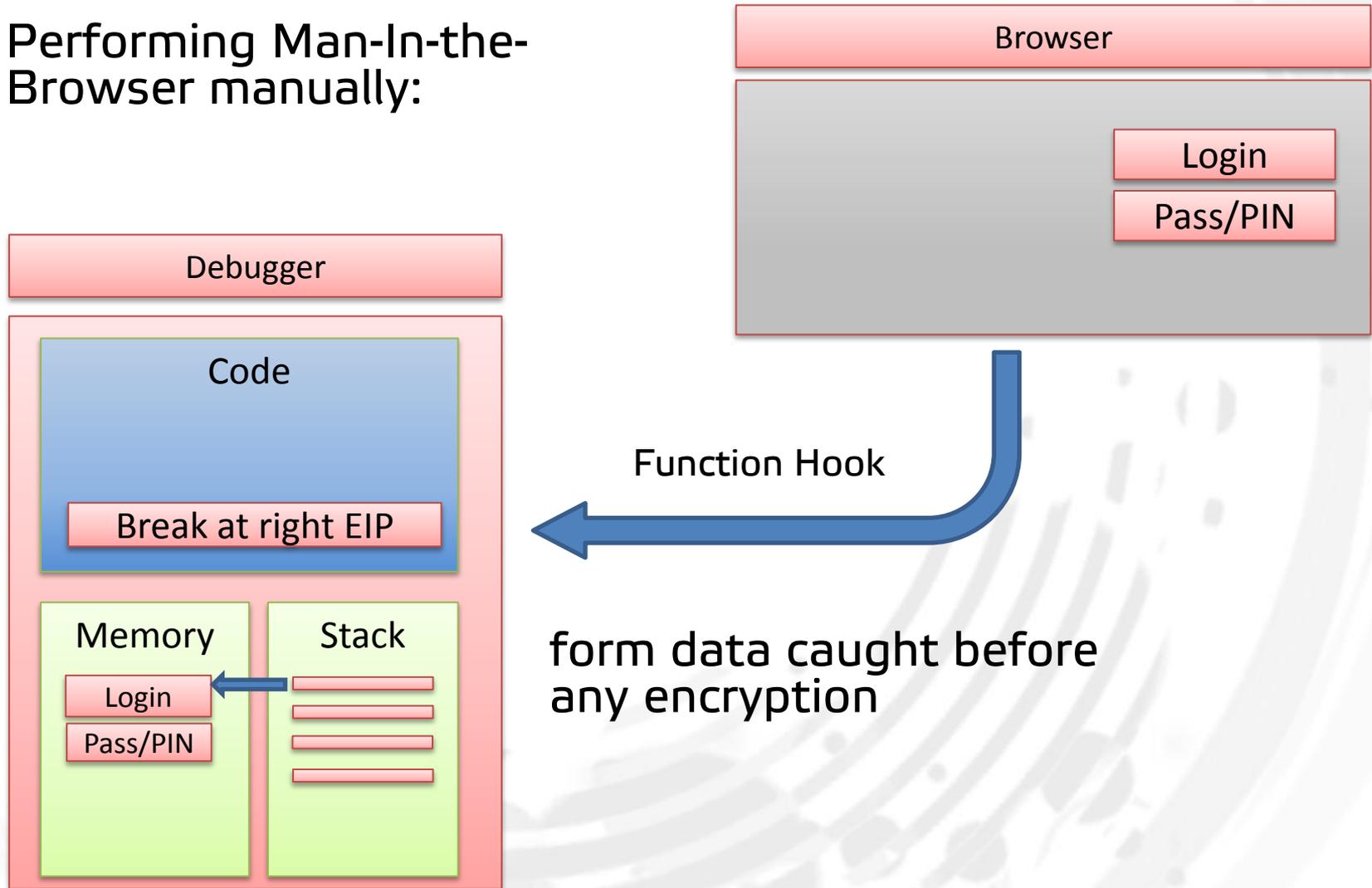
flag = 0x1102 (RTLD_NOLOAD, RTLD_GLOBAL, RTLD_NOW)

Eip points to the address of dlopen function

```
void *dlopen(const char *filename, int flag);
```

Features of HoT – Form grabbing

Performing Man-In-the-Browser manually:



Features of HoT – Form grabbing

Actual versions September 2013:

Archive	Windows	Linux
Internet Explorer	Wininet.dll!HttpSendRequest	N/A
Firefox	Nspr4.dll!PR_Write Nspr4.dll!PR_Close Nspr4.dll!PR_Read	Libnspr4.so!PR_Write Libnspr4.so!PR_Close Libnspr4.so!PR_Read
Chrome	*chrome.dll!ssl_write *chrome.dll!ssl_read *chrome.dll!ssl_close	Libpthread.so!write
*non-exported		

Features of HoT – Form grabbing

Actual versions September 2013:

Archive	Windows	Linux
Chromium	N/A	Libnspr4.so!PR_Write Libnspr4.so!PR_Close Libnspr4.so!PR_Read
Opera	version dependent v11.01: *0x2bfafb (Carberp leak) V12.01: *0x2b2881	v12.01 x86: *0x02435a0(int, char*, size_t) V12.16 x64: *0x000000000000E01850(int, void *src, size_t n, int, int, int, int, int, __int64)
rekonq/konqueror	N/A	Libkio.so: QIODevice::write(char const*,long long)
*non-exported		

Potential of HoT – original implementation

```
loc_7B68:                                     ; CODE XREF: customPR_Write+1AF↓j  
                                                ; customPR_Write+1C9↓j ...  
mov     edi, ds:(m_hPR_Write_ptr - 0A0D0h)[ebx]  
mov     [esp+7Ch+param1], edi ; mutex  
call    pthread_mutex_lock  
mov     eax, ds:(PR_write_addr - 0A0D0h)[ebx]  
mov     [esp+7Ch+param2], 0  
mov     [esp+7Ch+param1], eax  
call    unPatchF ; remove function hook  
mov     edx, [esp+7Ch+buffSize]  
mov     [esp+7Ch+param2], ebp  
mov     [esp+7Ch+param3], edx  
mov     edx, [esp+7Ch+hSocket]  
mov     [esp+7Ch+param1], edx  
call    ds:(PR_write_addr - 0A0D0h)[ebx] ; call original PR Write function  
mov     esi, eax  
mov     eax, ds:(hcustomPR_Write - 0A0D0h)[ebx]  
mov     [esp+7Ch+param2], eax  
mov     eax, ds:(PR_write_addr - 0A0D0h)[ebx]  
mov     [esp+7Ch+param1], eax  
call    _PatchF ; set function hook again  
mov     [esp+7Ch+param1], edi ; mutex  
call    pthread_mutex_unlock
```

Potential of HoT – PoC viable version

- Hooked original libnspr4.so!PR_Write
- Custom PR_Write

```
slave@slave-VirtualBox: ~
Reading symbols from /lib/libnss_mdns4.so.2...(no debugging symbols found)...done.
Loaded symbols for /lib/libnss_mdns4.so.2
Reading symbols from /home/slave/tools/bbb/injectso/prgrab.so...(no debugging symbols found)...done.
Loaded symbols for /home/slave/tools/bbb/injectso/prgrab.so
0xb620d424 in __kernel_vsyscall ()
(gdb) disas PR_Write
No symbol table is loaded. Use the "file" command.
(gdb) disas PR_Write
Dump of assembler code for function PR_Write:
0xb15ac550 <+0>: jmp 0x9ff97e6a <_Z12custPR_WritePvPcj>
0xb15ac555 <+5>: and %eax,%eax
0xb15ac557 <+7>: mov 0x28(%esp),%ecx
0xb15ac55b <+11>: mov (%eax),%edx
0xb15ac55d <+13>: mov %ecx,0x8(%esp)
0xb15ac561 <+17>: mov 0x24(%esp),%ecx
0xb15ac565 <+21>: mov %eax,(%esp)
0xb15ac568 <+24>: mov %ecx,0x4(%esp)
0xb15ac56c <+28>: call *0xc(%edx)
0xb15ac56f <+31>: add $0x1c,%esp
0xb15ac572 <+34>: ret
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) █
```

```
slave@slave-VirtualBox: ~
0x9ff97eb1 <+71>: nop
0x9ff97eb2 <+72>: nop
0x9ff97eb3 <+73>: nop
0x9ff97eb4 <+74>: nop
0x9ff97eb5 <+75>: nop
0x9ff97eb6 <+76>: nop
0x9ff97eb7 <+77>: nop
0x9ff97eb8 <+78>: nop
0x9ff97eb9 <+79>: nop
0x9ff97eba <+80>: nop
0x9ff97ebb <+81>: nop
0x9ff97ebc <+82>: nop
0x9ff97ebd <+83>: nop
0x9ff97ebe <+84>: nop
0x9ff97ebf <+85>: add $0x18,%esp
0x9ff97ec2 <+88>: pop %ebp
0x9ff97ec3 <+89>: nop
0x9ff97ec4 <+90>: nop
0x9ff97ec5 <+91>: lea -0x1c(%esp),%esp
0x9ff97ec9 <+95>: mov 0x20(%esp),%eax
0x9ff97ecd <+99>: push 0x3113a044
0x9ff97ed3 <+105>: addl $0x7,(%esp)
0x9ff97ed7 <+109>: ret
---Type <return> to continue, or q <return> to quit---
```

Potential of HoT - PoC viable version

The image shows a Chromium browser window displaying the Gmail login page. The address bar shows the URL `https://accounts.google.com/ServiceLoginAuth`. The page includes the Google logo, a "New to Gmail? CREATE AN ACCOUNT" button, and a "Sign in" form. The form has fields for "Username" (containing "aaaaa") and "Password" (containing "....."). Below the form, a message states: "The username or password you entered is incorrect. ?".

Overlaid on the bottom left is a terminal window titled `mc [slave@slave-VirtualBox]:/tmp`. The terminal output shows a successful login attempt via a terminal. The output includes a long URL with a red box around the domain part: `.....continue: https%3A%2F%2Fmail.google.com%2Fmail%2F&service=mail&rm=false&dsh=-5576865597237196663<mp1=default&ssc=1&ss=1&GALX=mxcuYwCeYf0%pstMsg=1&dnConn=&checkConnection=youtube%3A395%3A1&checkedDomains=youtube&timeStmp=%secTok=%_u tf8=%E2%98%83&bgresponse=%21A0KXN_m_H5Qt3URcqW-1XchFgIAAAAvUgAAAYqA0mRkKJ_rPjR Y_uR8H8m-2JBCq026Dy_Ee10vIBYFy05M0R6M0KPTIhBGXrCQ715sdYUjsGo7frSs8q3XxRjJEthb2S mhkiFKuUP9TU88ali60ZiSuNoWvjSf7jFhuFjSH33FuD_Cg29qVRagw0VsXN3tn0t3pxuAYgNg94Xz4 gUmbc08sNOY2n-drNHPCz-Upvd7FivGalWJZayd3j0bUYtPivfttD0hmPyethr77TkUR_hi80Fu5lUhu pl0byvvn7B0CwUCrFTEY-rw61uav1kn3SfWFR-gHMw4jNA5CaBG-obmoDuZ8IGw;Email=aaaaa&Passw d=111111;signIn=Signin&PersistentCookie=yes&rmShown=1`. The terminal also shows a prompt `length=000000b4:` and a list of keyboard shortcuts at the bottom: `1Help 2Unwrap 3Quit 4Hex 5Goto 6 7Search 8Raw 9Format10Quit`.

Potential of HoT - summary

- Stability improves after removing repeated unpatching and patching of the original function
- ptrace scope (*/proc/sys/kernel/yama/ptrace_scope*) set to 0: injections to non-child processes allowed
- Parser of request buffers need to consider chunked queries
- no infection vector yet! (MacOs:Flashback CVE-2012-0507, CVE-2011-3544)
- \$2000 per installation - very high price compared to Windows infamous bots: Carberp \$2000-\$10000, Spyeye \$500 -> 150\$, Solarbot \$200)
- Linux market share on desktops 1.52%
- Plenty of distributions, open source web browsers etc.

Questions

- What is the first byte in SOCKS5 protocol ?
- Which system function is essential in injection of shared objects?
- Which function in Firefox browser did we hook to inspect unencrypted requests?
- What is the cost of a HoT license?

Questions & Answers

The whiteboard contains the following handwritten notes and diagrams:

- Top Left:** A small image of a soldier with the text "We Can Do It!".
- Top Center:** A box containing "20TB".
- Left Side:** A diagram with "100" pointing to "104" and "200". Below it, "act t.a. to" and "32B (168) Her, knave R1".
- Center:** A large circular diagram with a thick border. Inside, it says "2m 50%", "5m 100%", and "130k". A "wiki" label is at the bottom left of the circle. A "GUID" label is written across the circle.
- Right Side:** A large, hand-drawn letter "A". To its right, a list of items: "1. class cache", "2. TTL modification", "3. rankings to constants", "4. votes", "5. and problems log". Below this, "WR" and "FUNCE" are written.
- Bottom Right:** "JSON" and "2s" in a box. Other notes include "xcp", "q > 0", "OR", "WR", and "1000".
- Bottom:** A red eraser, a black eraser, and a whiteboard marker.