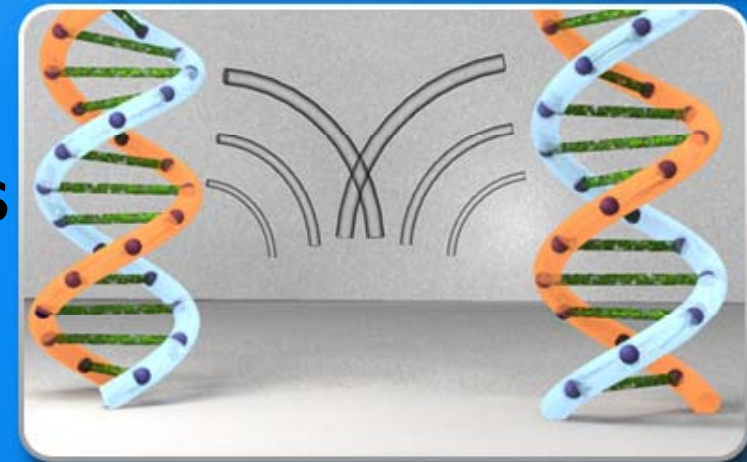


PE-Probe: Leveraging Packer Detection and Morphological Information to Detect Malicious Portable Executables



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Agenda

Projects' Introduction



Motivation & Problem Statement



Proposed Solution



Results

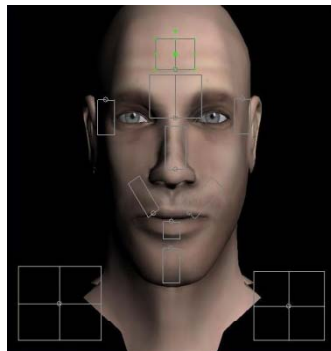


Q/A



Its in your Hands, like its in your Eyes and Face

It is believed that keystrokes of people are distinct from each other just like their faces, finger prints, and eyes



Doesn't require any extra hardware for identification



User Authentication System

Keystrokes based User Authentication

nexGIN RC
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Next Generation Intelligent
nexGIN RC
Networks Research Center

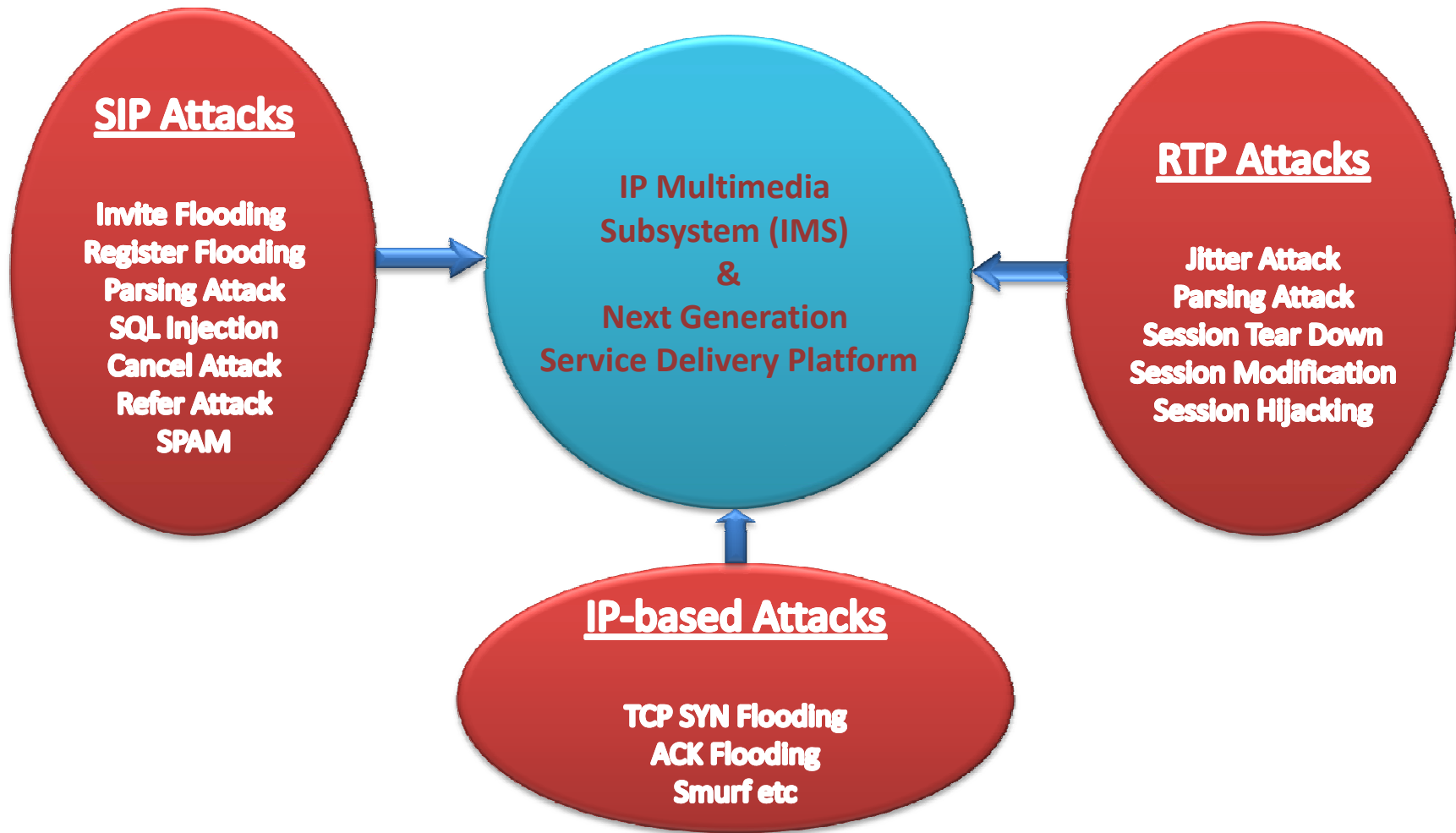
Enter your User Name and Password, then click 'Start Training'.

User name:

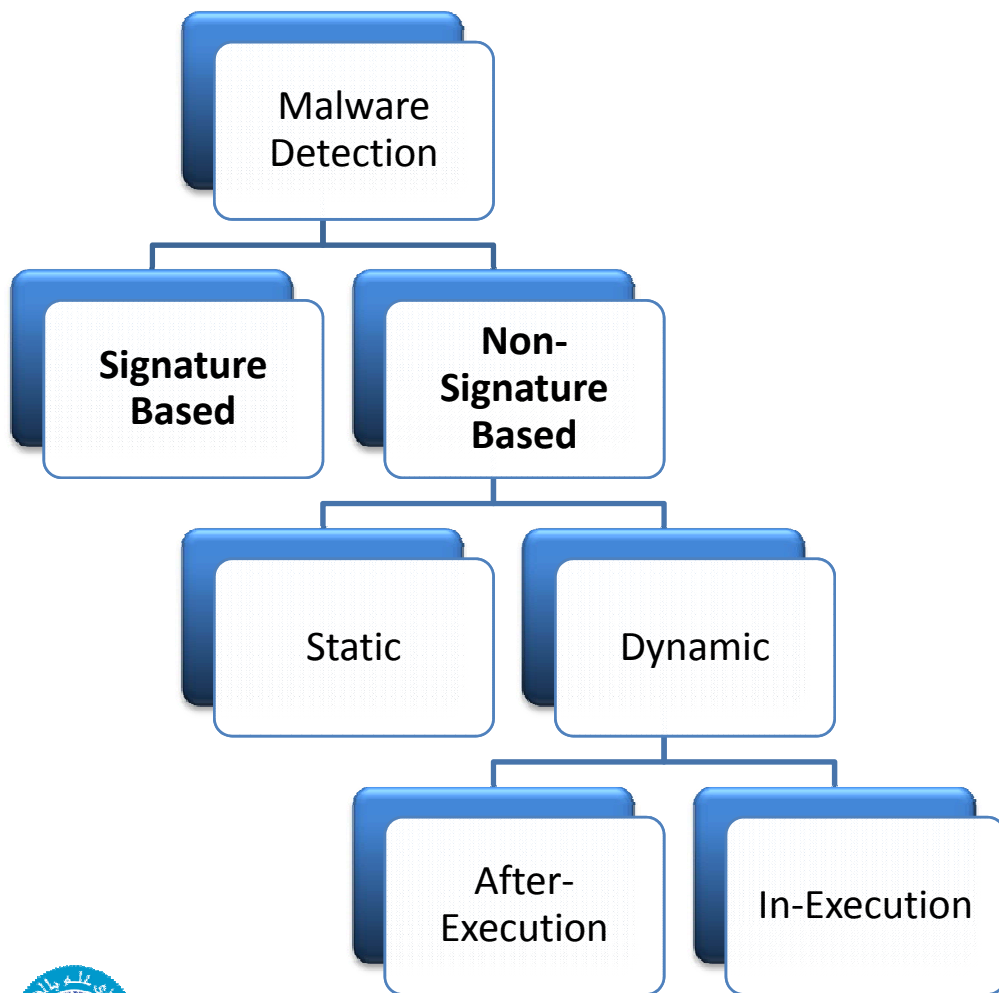
Password:



IMS Security Challenges

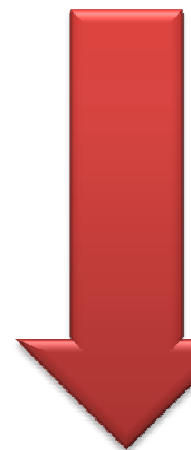


Malware Detection



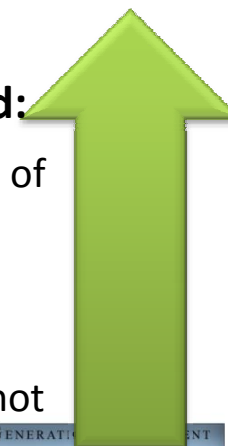
Signature Based:

- Detection on the basis of known byte sequences
- Unable to detect new malware
- Regular updates required

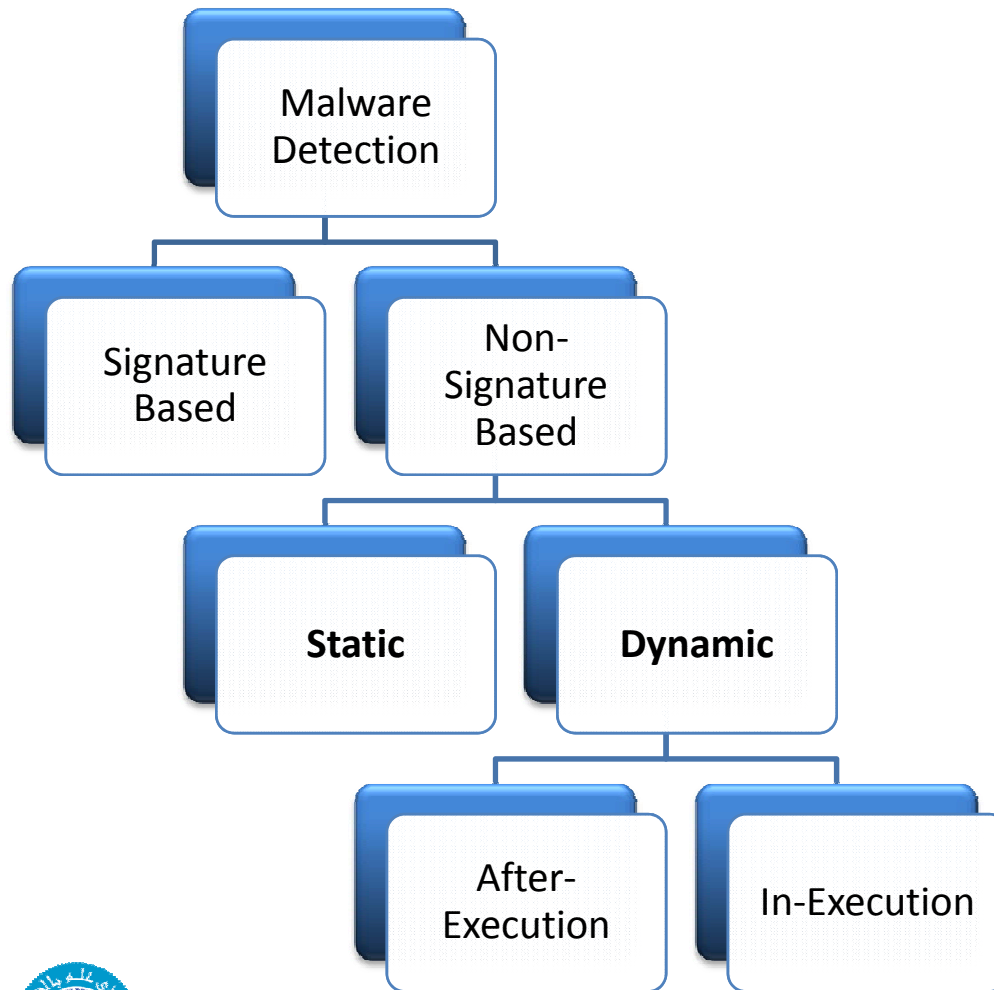


Non-Signature Based:

- Detection on the basis of smarter features
- Able to detect new malware
- Regular updates may not be necessary



Malware Detection



Static Detection:

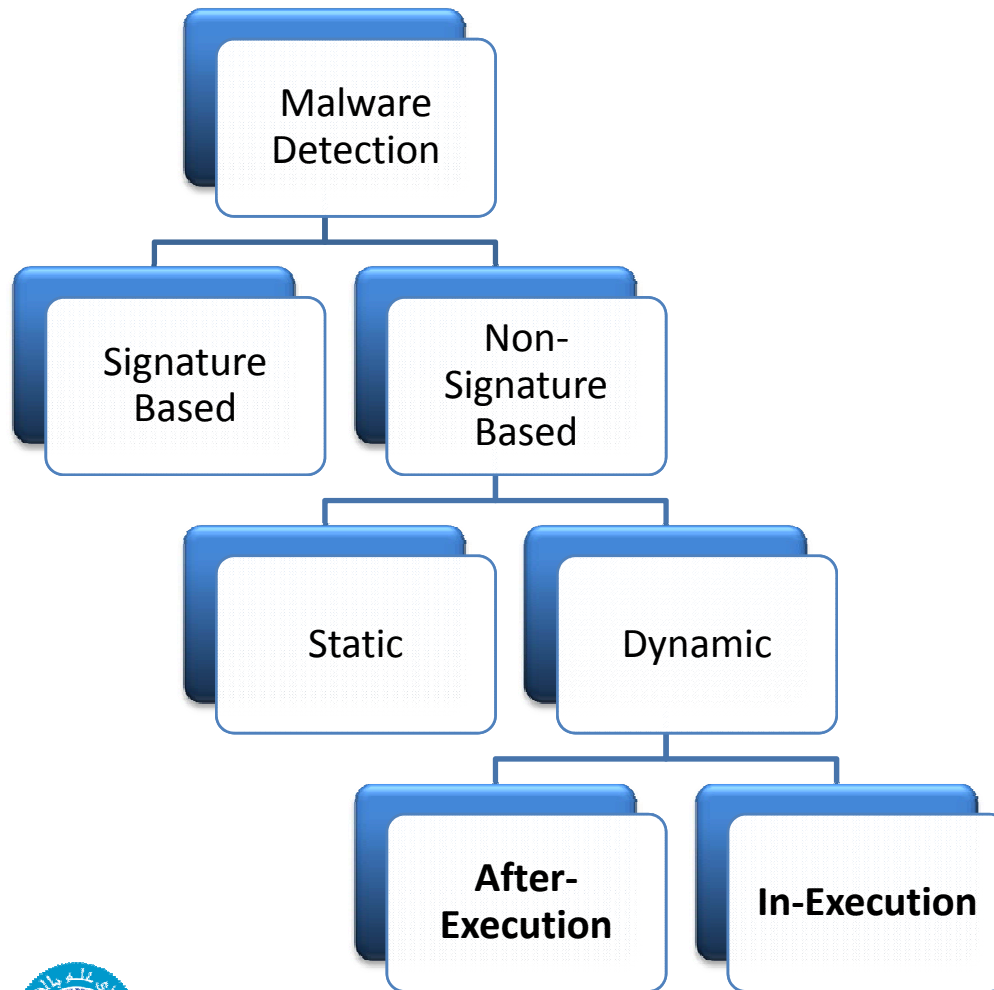
- Detection on the basis of file as residing on secondary storage
- Prone to techniques such as code-obfuscation

Dynamic Detection:

- Detection on the basis of run-time behavior (a more direct look)
- Resilient to techniques such as code obfuscation
- High processing overhead



Malware Detection



After-Execution Detection:

- Forensic Analysis
- Lower processing overhead

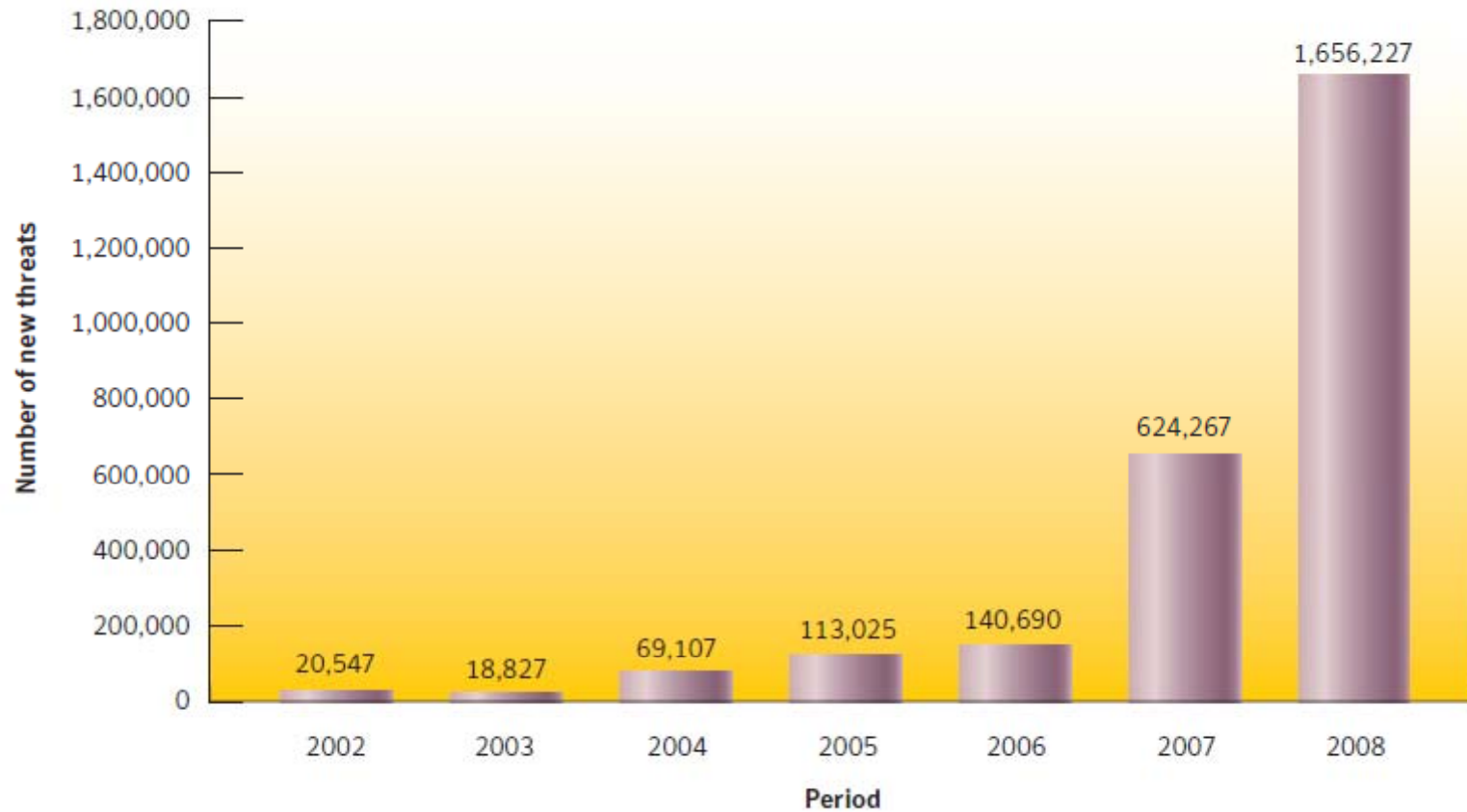


In-Execution Detection:

- End user tool
- High processing overhead



Motivation



Motivation(2)

In Year 2008 Only [11]

- **5,491** new software vulnerabilities
- **1.6 million** new malware signatures
- **245 million** new attacks
- **1 Trillion** dollar in revenues



Motivation(3)



	Norton AV	Command AV	McAfee AV
Chernobyl-1.4	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected
F0sf0r0	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected
Hare	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected
Z0mbie-6.b	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected

Motivation(4)

Issues with Commercial Anti-virus software

- Cannot detect new malware
- Size of signature database cannot scale
- Signatures are evaded by code obfuscation techniques (such as packing)



Motivation(5)

Packing of Malware [12]

- **50%** new malware are simply re-packed versions of known malware
- **92%** malware use packing techniques



Motivation(6)

Non-signature based Malware Detection Schemes

- Machine-level code
- Disassembled code
- Static calls from disassembled code
- Run-time API calls



Motivation(7)

Issues with Non-signature based Schemes

- High run-time computational complexity
- High false alarm rates
- Low reliability (e.g. crash, halt, evasion)



Problem Statement

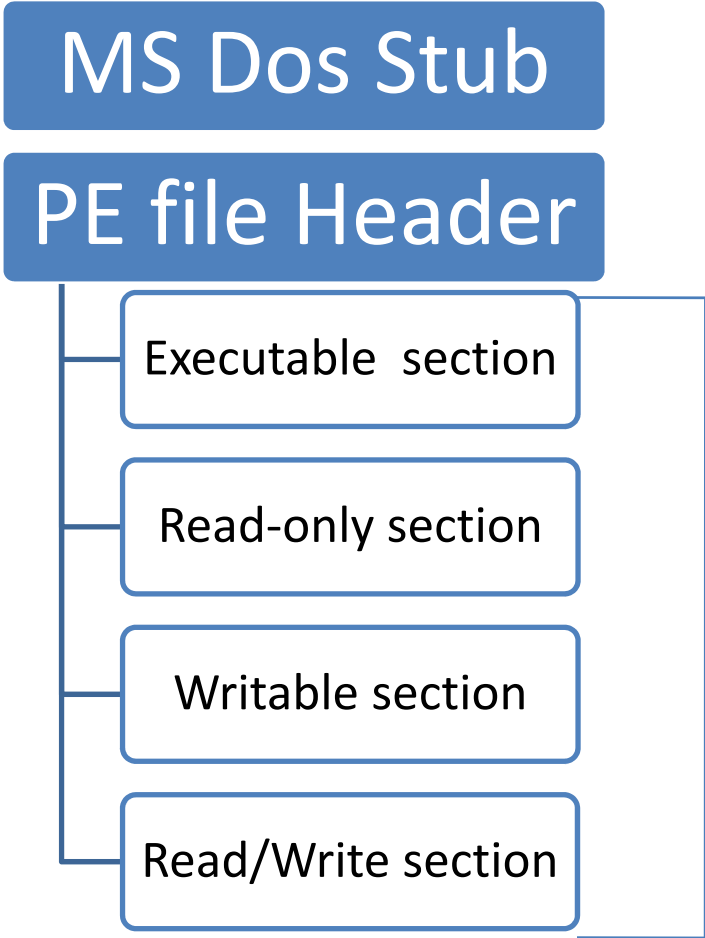


Problem Statement

- Non-signature based solution
- Low run-time complexity
- Low false alarms
- Robustness to Packing
- Must not use an unpacker for detection



PE File



Existing non signature based Schemes are based on this area of PE file



PE FILE

MS DOS stub

PE Signature

COFF file Header

Optional Header

Standard Fields

Window Specific fields

Data directories

Section Table

Section 1

Section 2

Section 3

⋮

Section n

RVA / Pointers

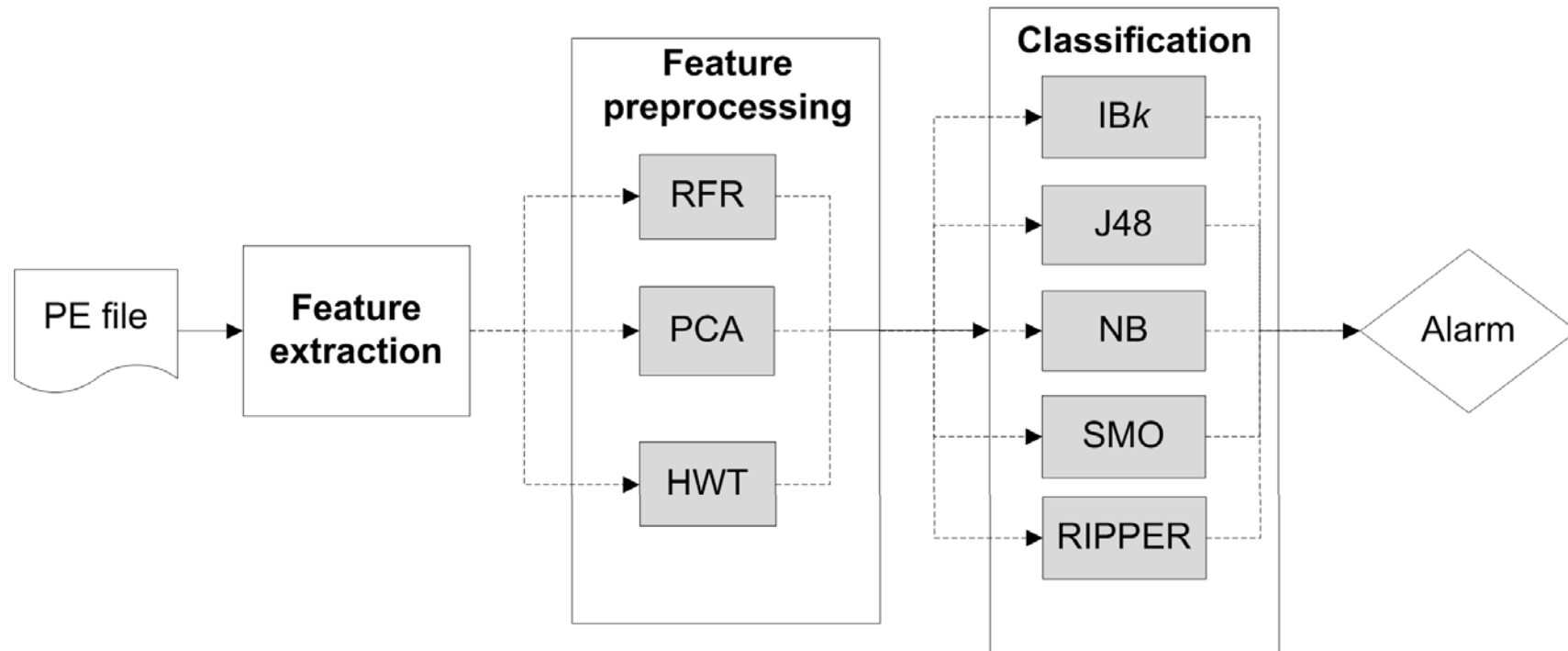


List of Features from PE file

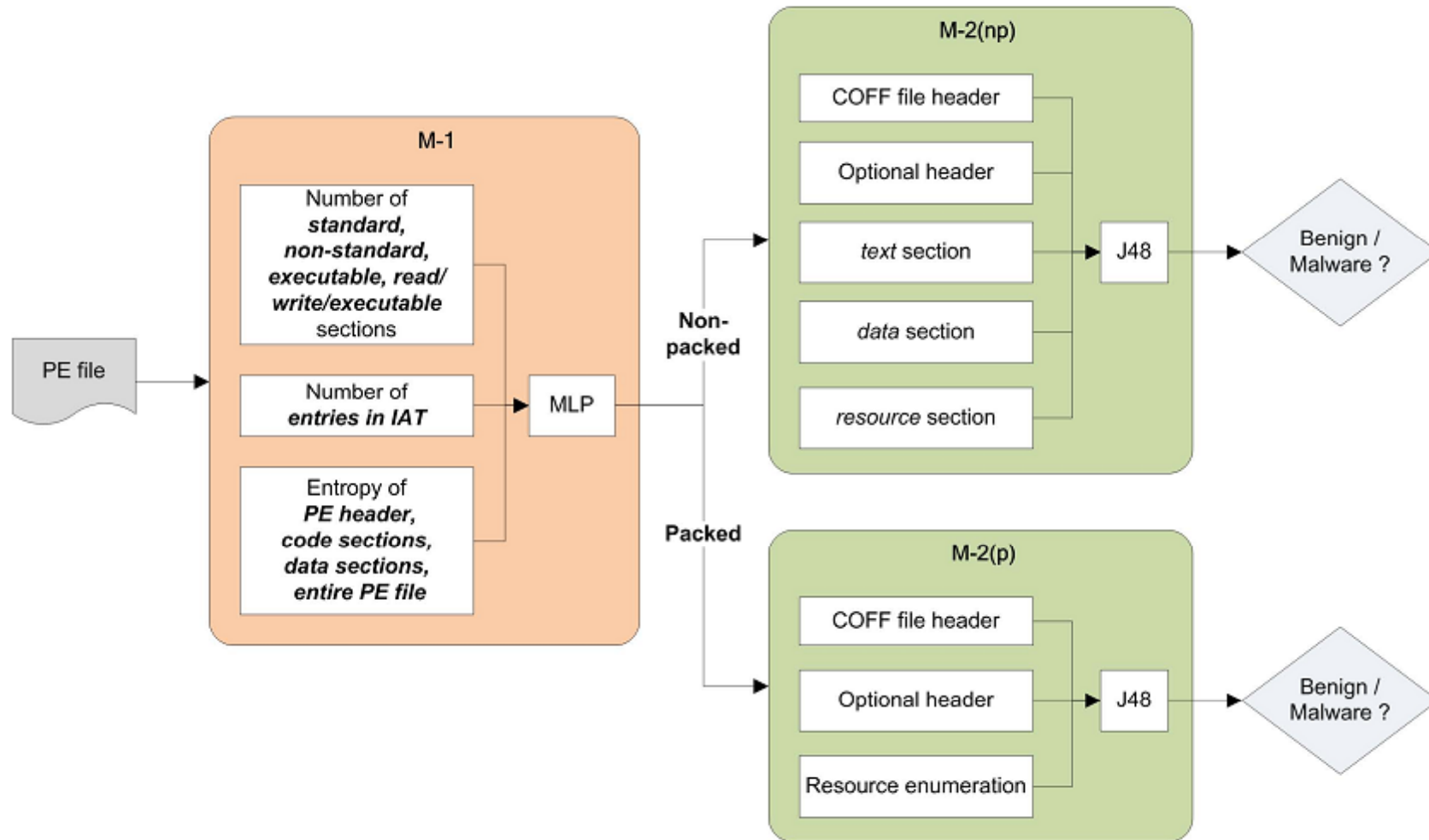
Feature Description	Type	Quantity
DLLs referred	binary	73
COFF file header	integer	7
Optional header – standard fields	integer	9
Optional header – Windows specific fields	integer	22
Optional header – data directories	integer	30
.text section – header fields	integer	9
.data section – header fields	integer	9
.rsrc section – header fields	integer	9
Resource directory table & resources	integer	21
Total		189



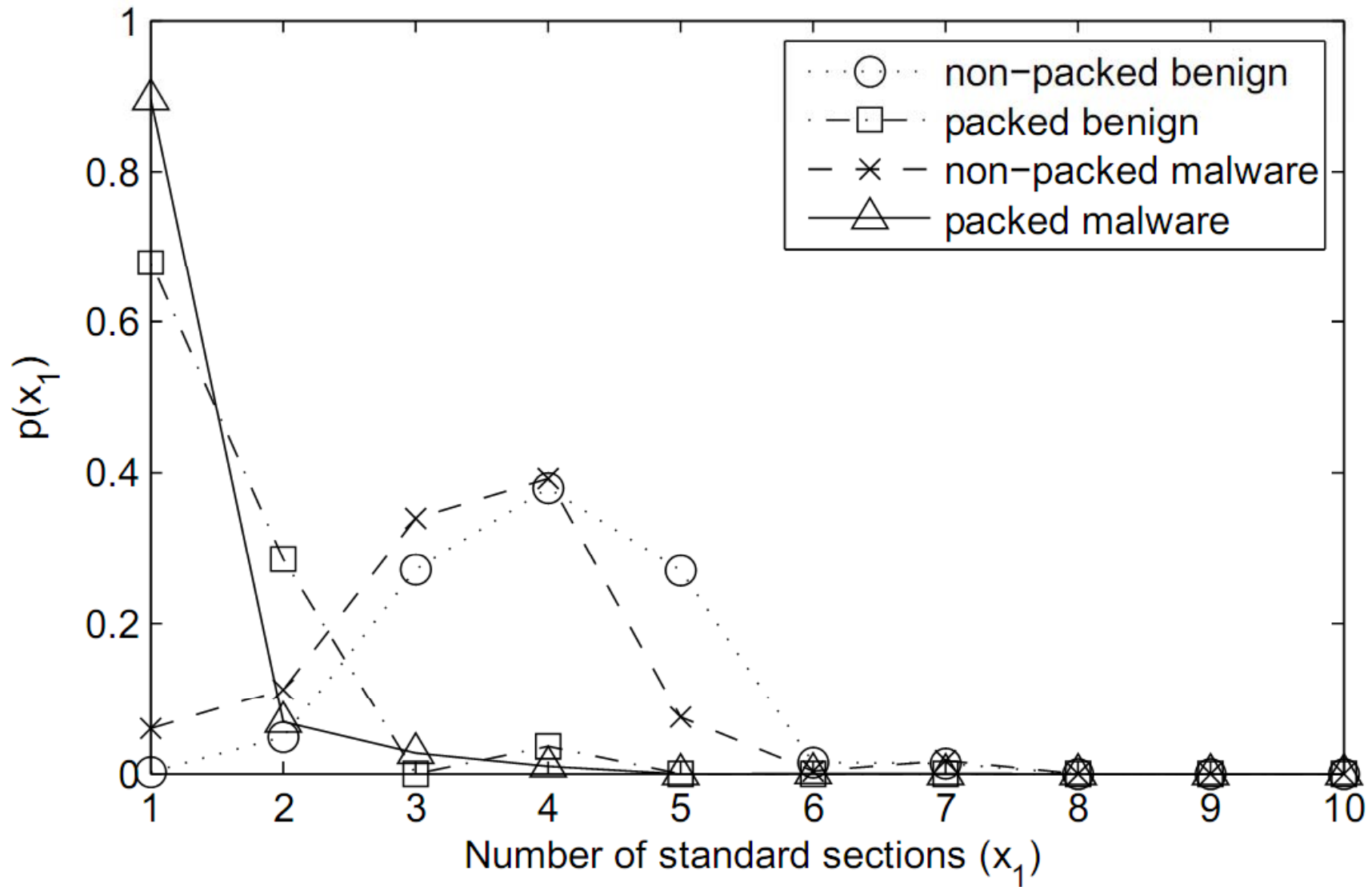
PE Miner



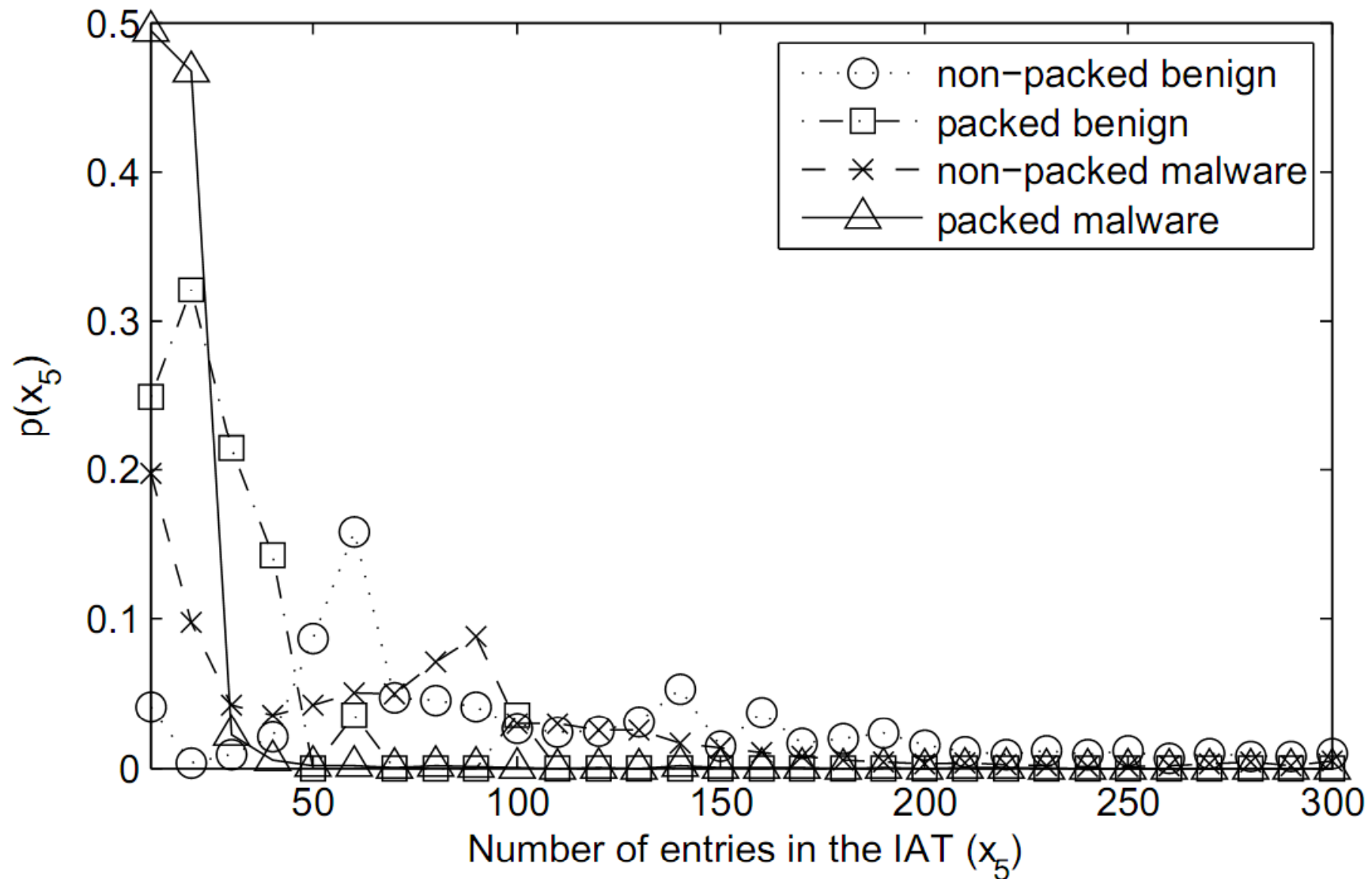
Architecture of PE-Probe



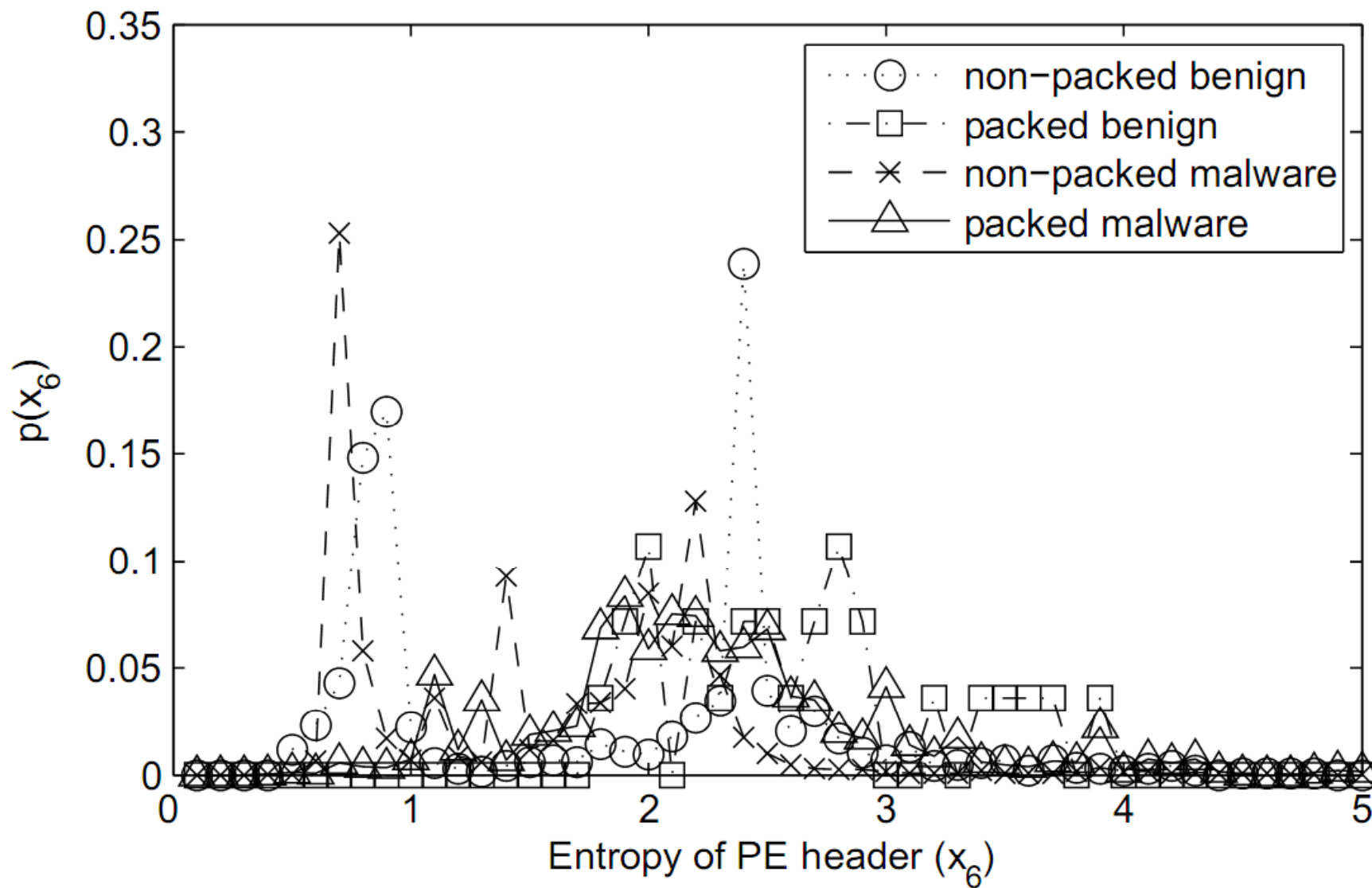
Distribution of Number of standard sections



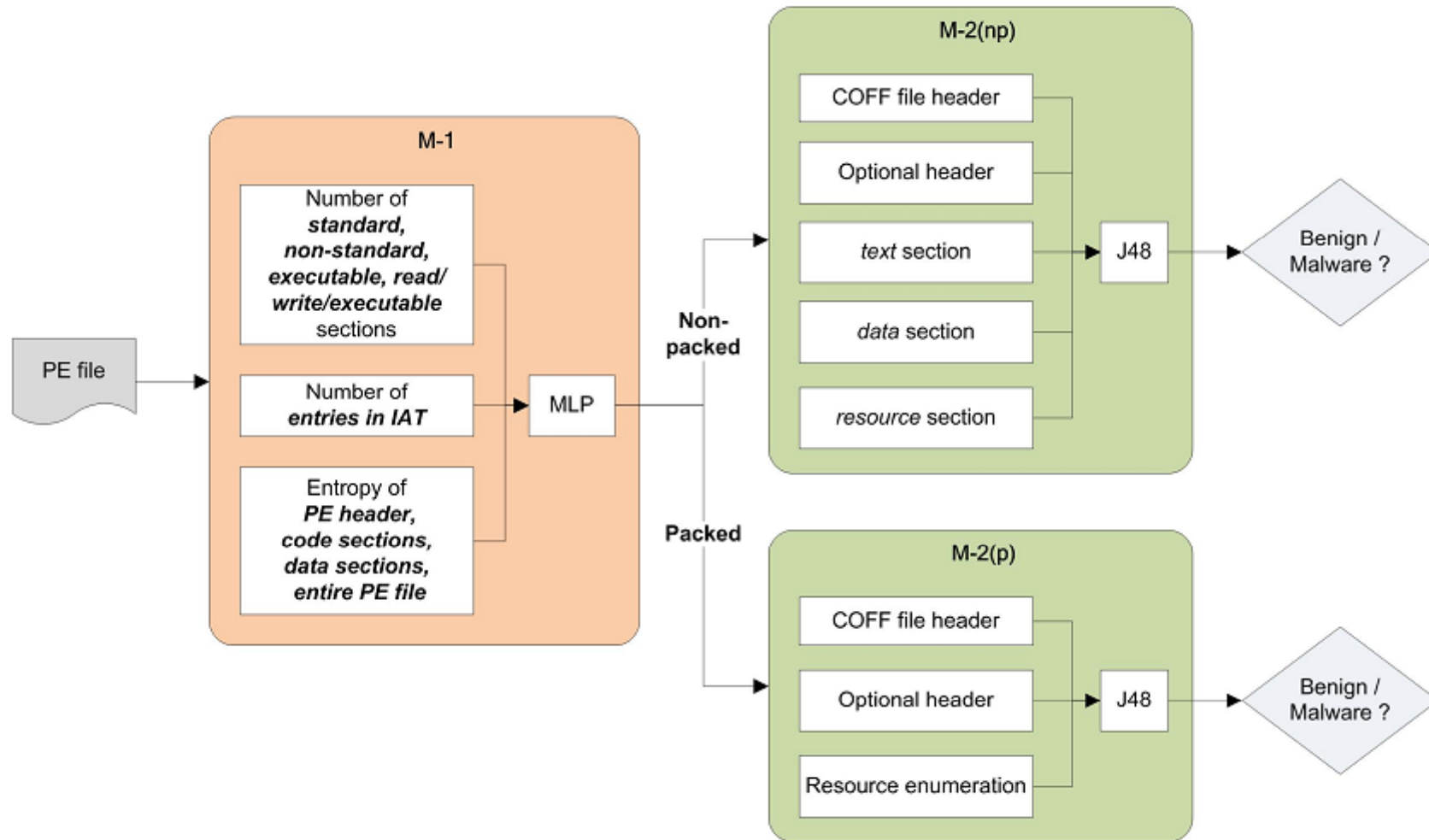
Distribution of Number of entries in Import Address Table



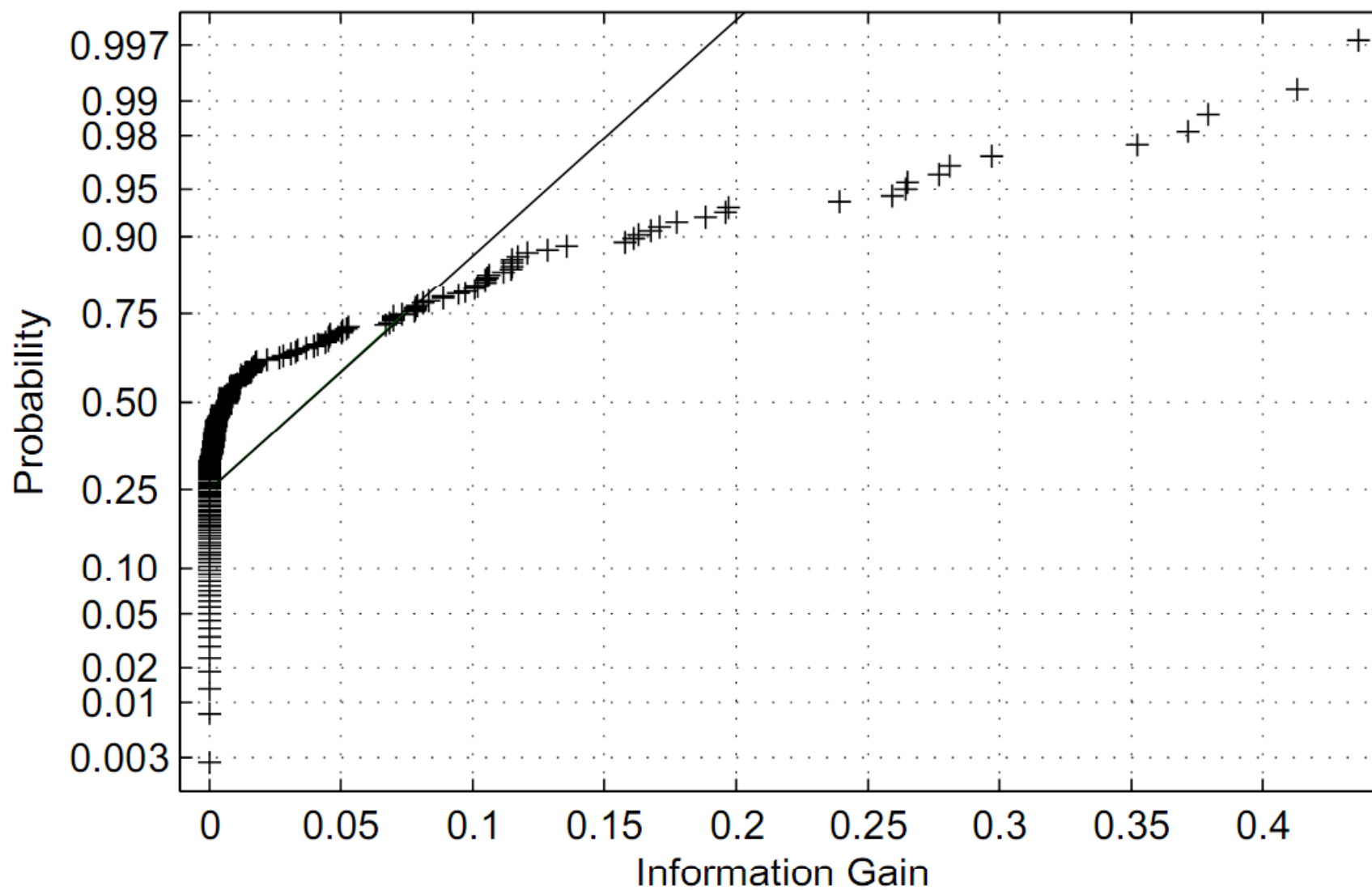
Distribution of Entropy of PE Header

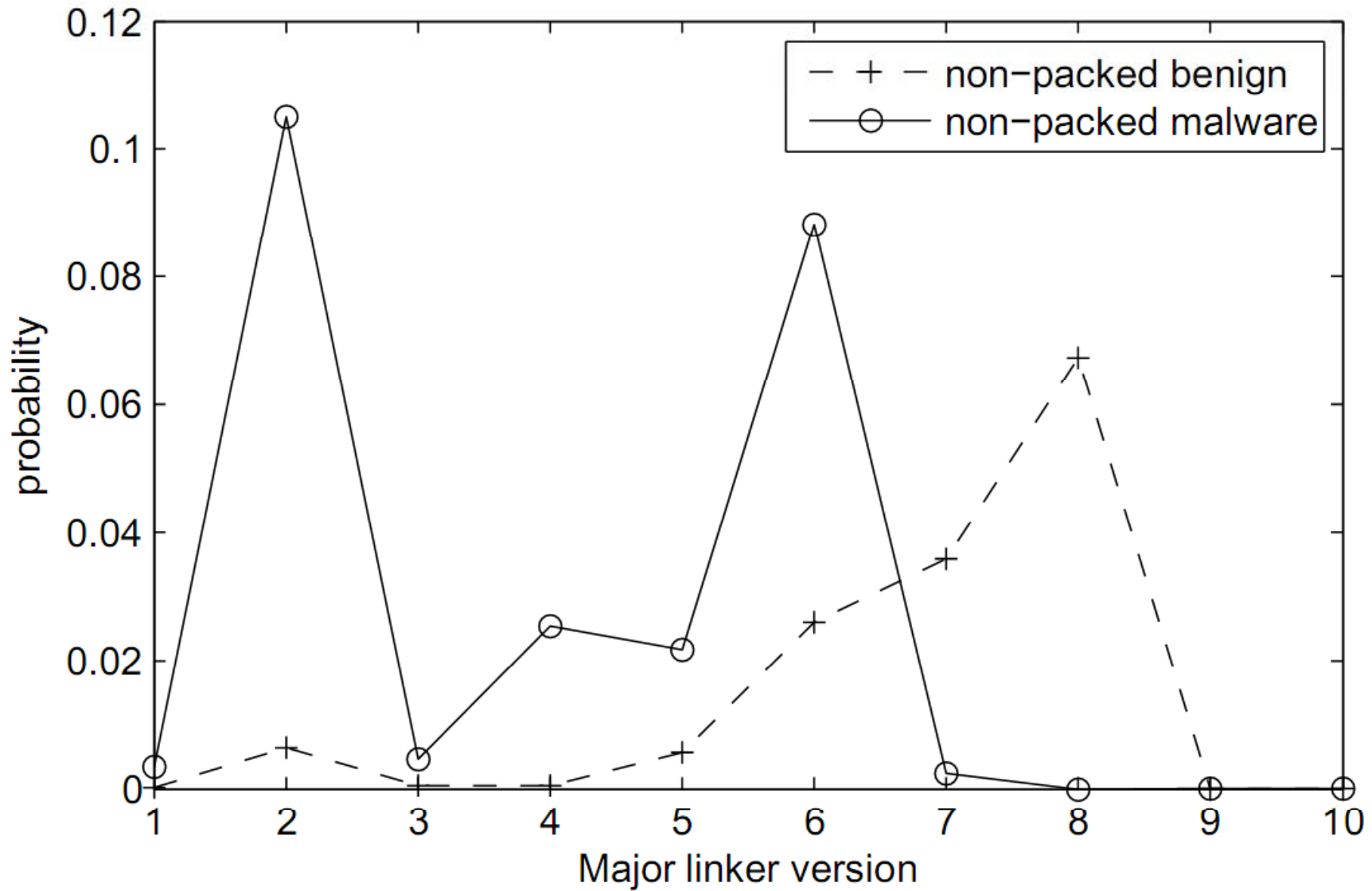


Architecture of PE-Probe



Structural features for non-packed PE files

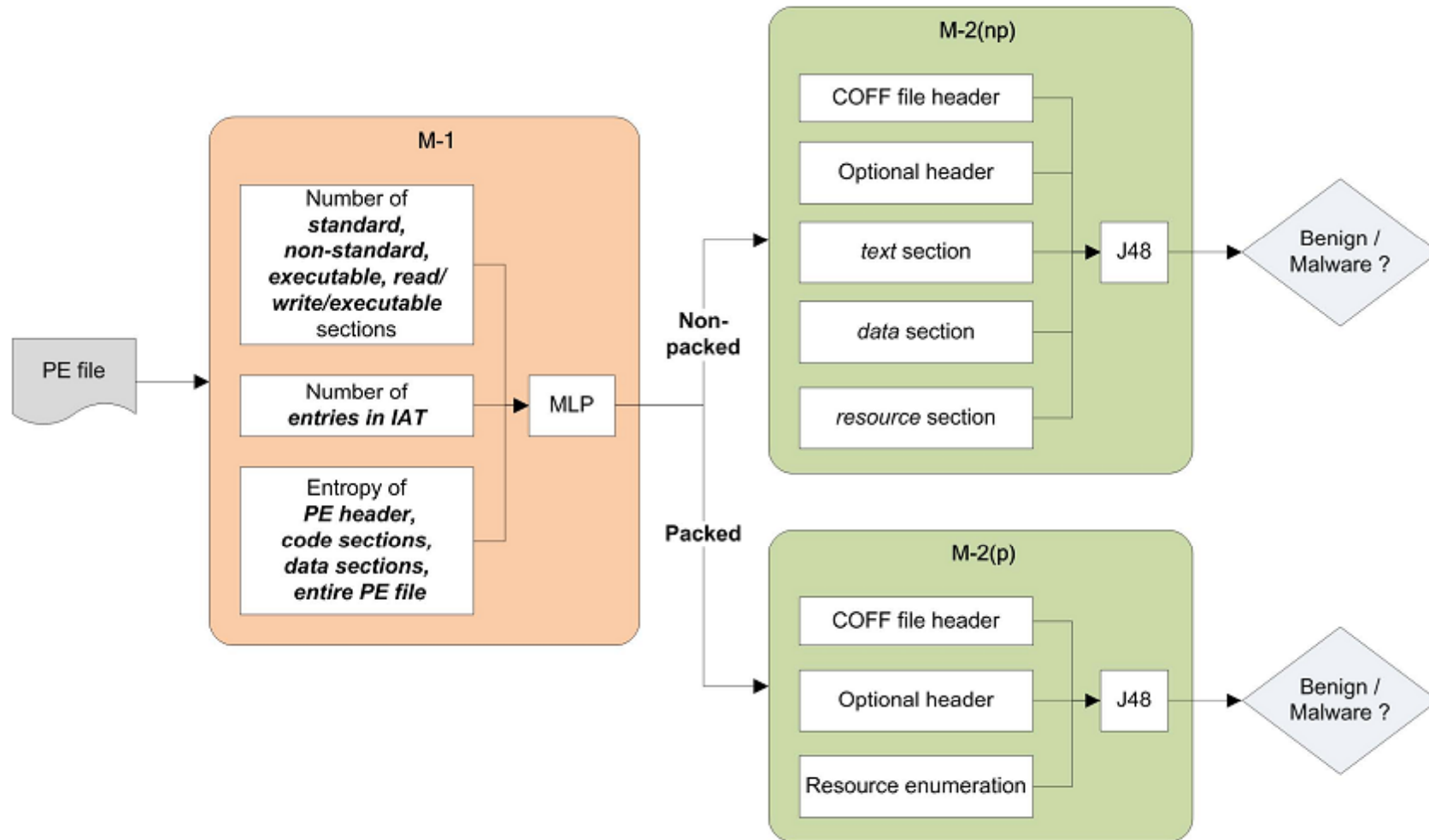




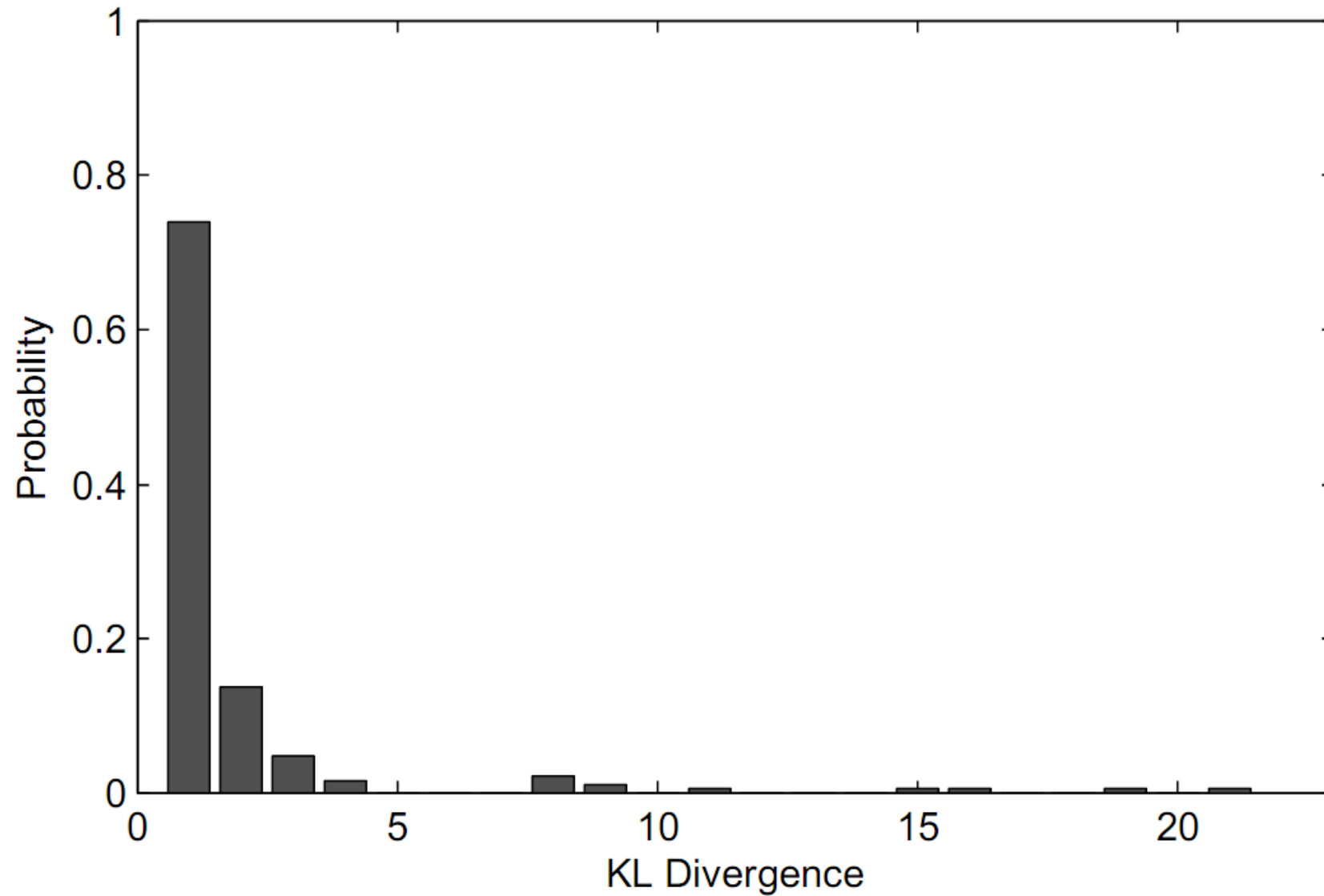
Distribution plot for “major linker version” feature



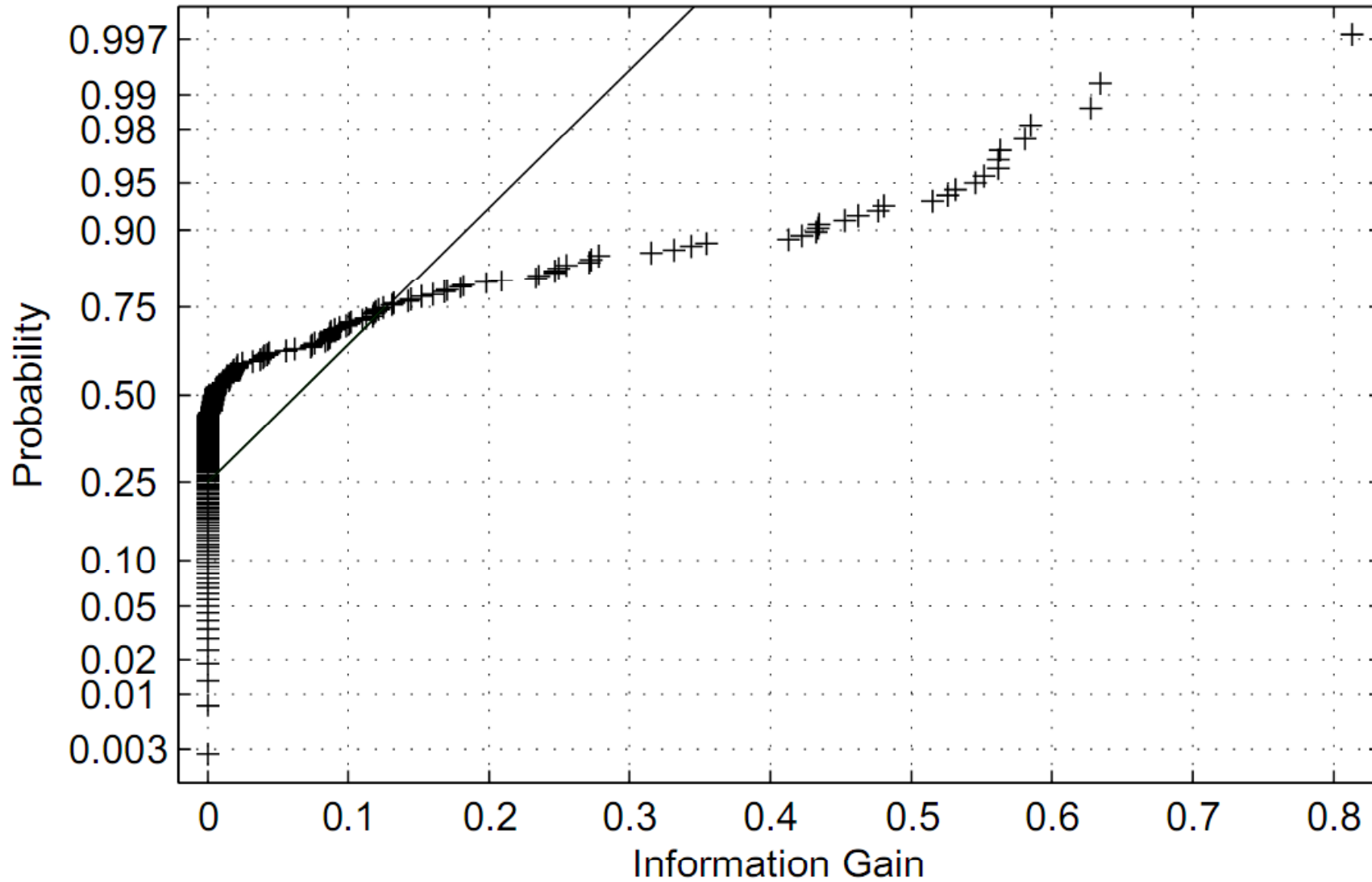
Architecture of PE-Probe



KL Divergence of features of packed/non-packed PE files



Structural features for packed PE files



Results



Dataset – Offensive Computing

Malware Category	Minimum Size (B)	Maximum Size (MB)	Average Size (KB)	Packed (%)
Benign	817	107.1	371.6	1.9
Backdoor	43	25.7	224.9	56.3
Constructor	62	7.23	265.4	50.0
DoS	610	1.33	131.0	50.6
Email Flooder	894	15.0	294.5	48.3
Email Worm	28	45.3	50.3	62.9
Exploit	57	4.6	133.6	43.6
Flooder	248	1.6	169.8	49.9
Hoax	25	8.7	87.2	47.2
AdWare	68	24.2	548.7	46.9
FraudTool	36	8.1	170.4	56.9
Porn	7008	0.2	103.2	59.1
Rootkit	75	2.7	85.1	57.3
Virtool	31	2.9	84.0	51.0
Worm	28	10.4	394.8	53.2
Virus	10	12.5	54.5	35.8
Trojan	8	46.8	252.6	39.2



Classification Metrics

$$\text{TP rate} = \frac{TP}{TP+FN}$$

$$\text{FP rate} = \frac{FP}{FP+TN}$$



Accuracy of PE-Probe

Malware Category	Detection Accuracy			
	Packed		Non-Packed	
-	Detection Rate	False Alarm Rate	Detection Rate	False Alarm Rate
Backdoor	0.999	0.001	0.998	0.002
Constructor	0.997	0.003	0.995	0.005
DoS	0.997	0.003	0.999	0.001
Email Flooder	0.995	0.005	0.996	0.004
Email Worm	0.995	0.005	0.999	0.001
Exploit	0.996	0.004	0.996	0.004
Flooder	0.997	0.003	1.000	0.000
Hoax	0.998	0.002	0.990	0.010
AdWare	0.989	0.011	0.978	0.022
FraudTool	0.998	0.002	0.981	0.019
Porn	1.000	0.000	1.000	0.000
Rootkit	0.998	0.002	1.000	0.000
Virtool	0.996	0.004	1.000	0.000
Worm	0.988	0.012	0.980	0.020
Virus	0.998	0.002	0.996	0.004
Trojan	1.000	0.000	1.000	0.000
Average	0.996	0.003	0.994	0.008

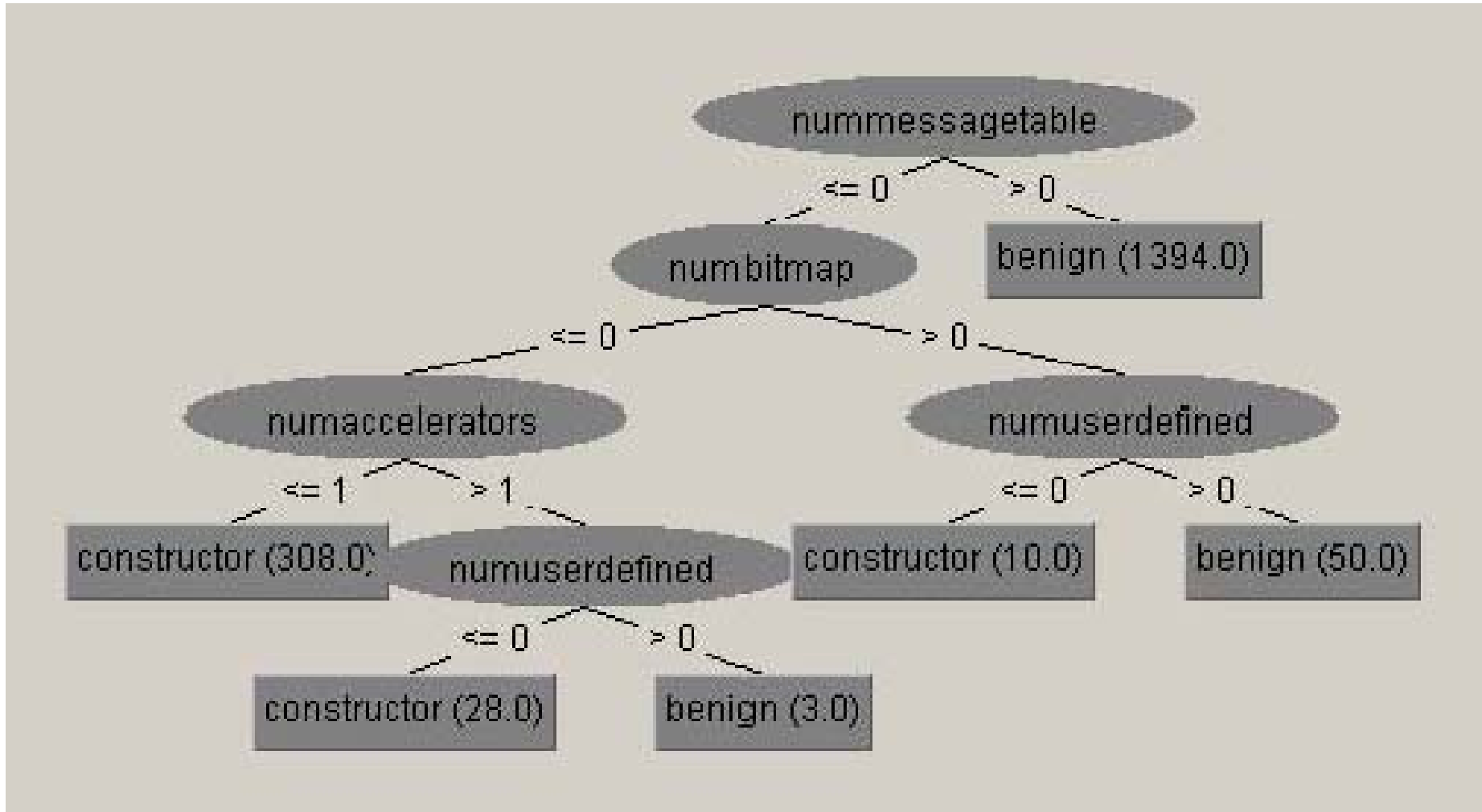


The processing overheads in (seconds/file)

		J48	NB	RIPPE R	SMO	IBK	J48	NB	RIPPE R	SMO
TRAINING						TESTING				
PE-Miner(RFR)	-	0.0008	0.001	0.269	0.199	0.032	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002
PE-Miner(PCA)	-	0.007	0.001	0.264	0.179	0.035	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002
PE-Miner(HWT)	-	0.007	0.001	0.252	0.147	0.032	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.002
McBoost	-	0.021	0.004	1.305	1.122	0.218	0.010	0.007	0.005	0.022
Strings	-	0.009	0.002	0.799	0.838	0.163	0.003	0.003	0.002	0.003



Forensic Information



PE-Miner

File Edit Help

Next Generation Intelligent
nextGEN
Network Research Center

Select file from your directory

Browse File: C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\backdoor

Select directory

Select file from your directory

Model File:

Status

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\backdoor\Backdoor.Win32.Agent.ar

Execute Exit

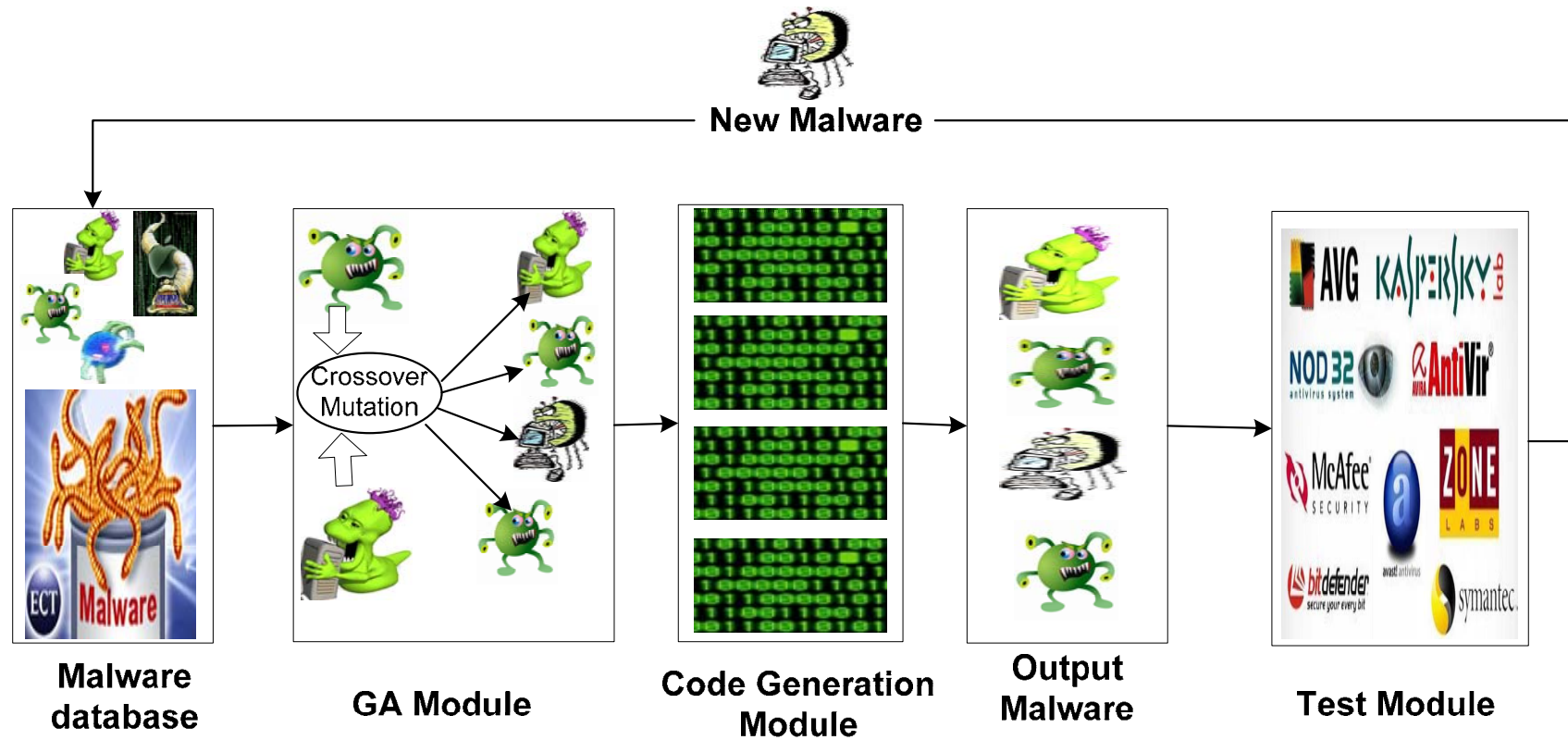
Time	File Name	Size (bytes)	File Type	Status
4:47:41 PM	Backdoor.Win32.AcidBattery	154112	.AcidBattery	backd...
4:47:42 PM	Backdoor.Win32.Acidhead.10	289280	.10	backd...
4:47:42 PM	Backdoor.Win32.Aciddoor.11	160768	.11	backd...
4:47:42 PM	Backdoor.Win32.Acidsena	118784	.Acidsena	backd...
4:47:42 PM	Backdoor.Win32.AcidShiver.504	424997	.504	backd...
4:47:42 PM	Backdoor.Win32.AcidShiver.516	140288	.516	backd...
4:47:42 PM	Backdoor.Win32.AcidShiver.a	14336	.a	backd...
4:47:42 PM	Backdoor.Win32.AcidShiver.b	180259	.b	backd...
4:47:42 PM	Backdoor.Win32.AcidShiver.Kor	36864	.Kor	backd...
4:47:42 PM	Backdoor.Win32.AckCmd	28672	.AckCmd	backd...
4:47:42 PM	Backdoor.Win32.Acropolis.10	432128	.10	backd...
4:47:42 PM	Backdoor.Win32.Acropolis.11	67584	.11	backd...



Conficker Detected as a Backdoor



Evolvable Malware Framework



Conclusion

- PE Structural Information can be leveraged to detect malware
- Packing Robustness
- Machine Learning Classifiers can learn packed and non-packed models
- Robustness and Evasion analysis in accompanying PE-Miner paper in RAID 2009.
- Zero day detection of Conficker



ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

- Special thanks to National ICT R&D for funding this project.



QUESTIONS



For further information and research papers, visit <http://www.nexginrc.org>

