



Cracking Xpaj: code and payload

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Security Response

Agenda

- **File infection**
- **Code encryption & obfuscation**
- **Network communication**
- **Payload functionality**
- **Conclusion**

Introduction

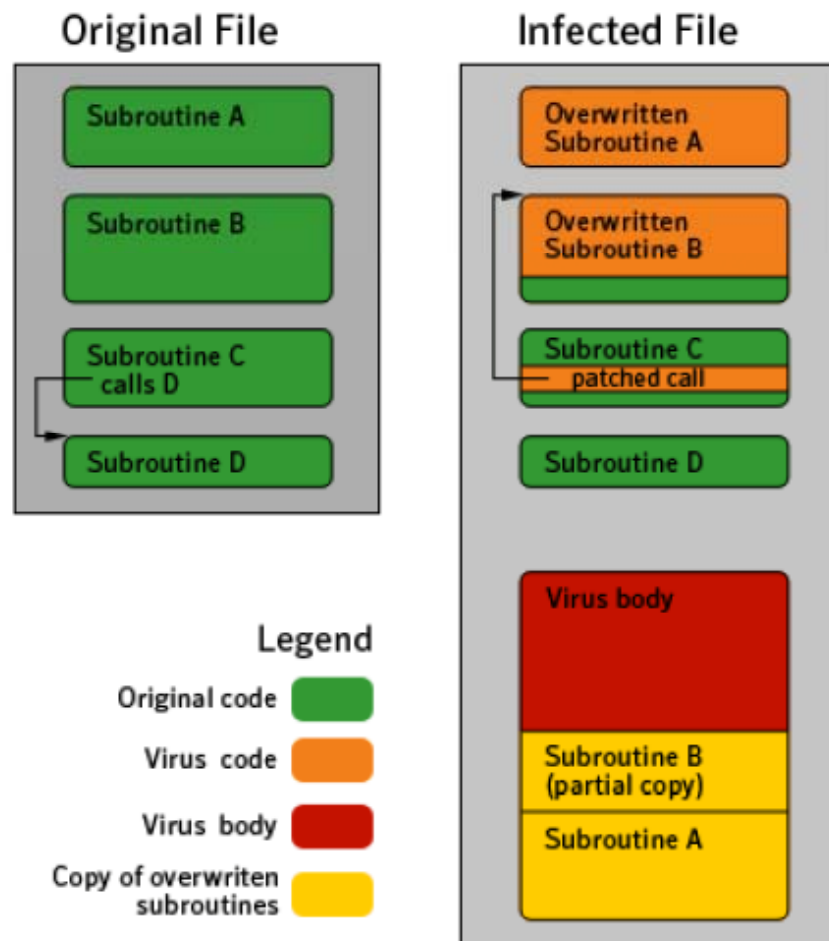
- Xpaj.B is difficult to:
 - Detect
 - Repair
 - Analyze
- Complex infrastructure
 - Encrypted communication
 - Ad-clicking scam
- Shows periodic evolution



File infection

Cracking Xpaj: code and payload

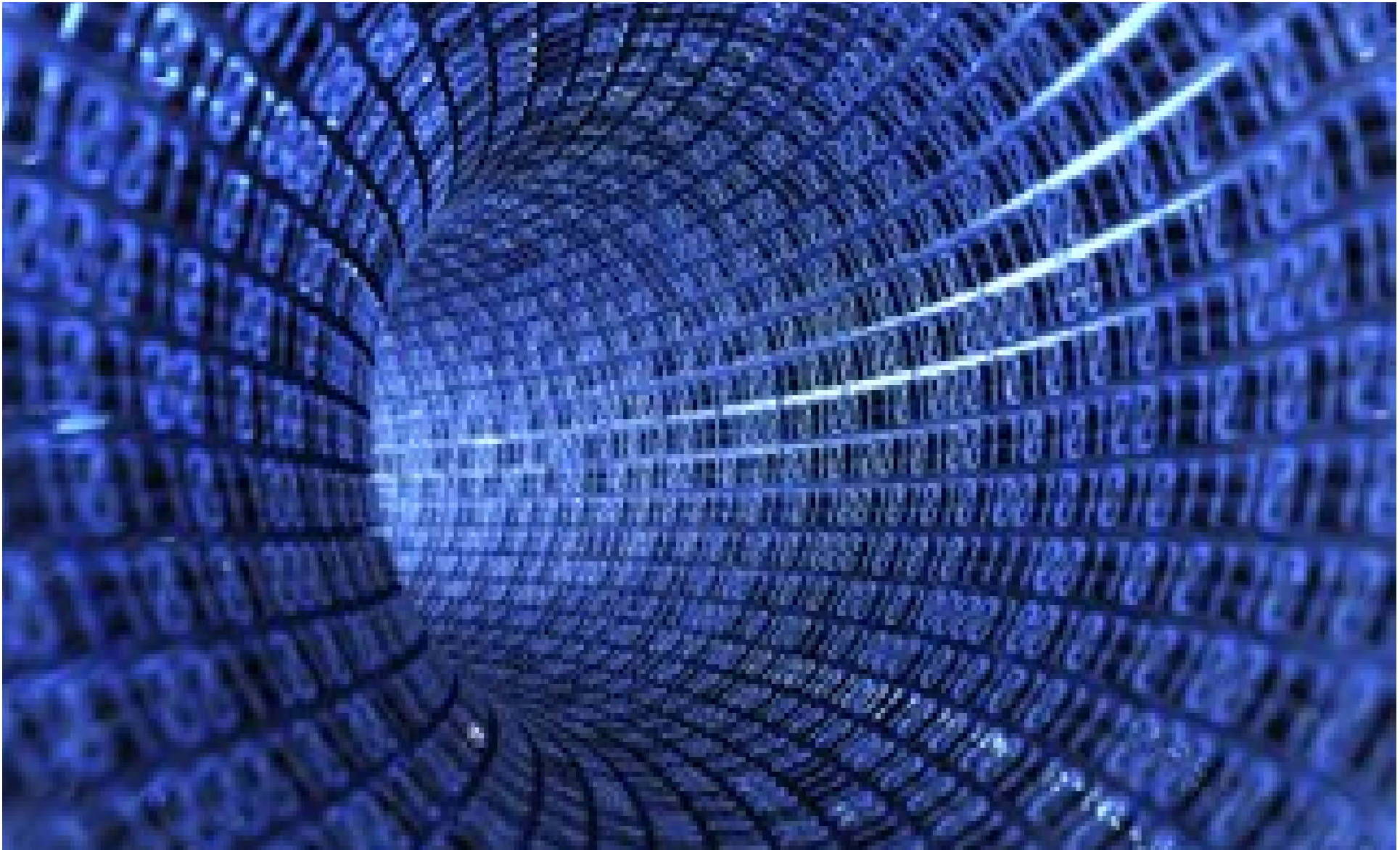
User mode infector



- Infects random subroutines
- Variable size
- Virus body is fully encrypted
- Appends itself to an existing section (usually the end of .data)
- Virus body position is randomized, placed inside random data
- Original code is buried within the body virus

Kernel mode infector

- Kernelmode code exists in the virus
 - used for injecting a thread into new processes
 - Injected thread will
 - Download updates from C&C
 - Spread over network/removable drives
- Xpaj does search and parse drivers, but:
 - It specifically avoids their infection
 - No infected drivers have been observed



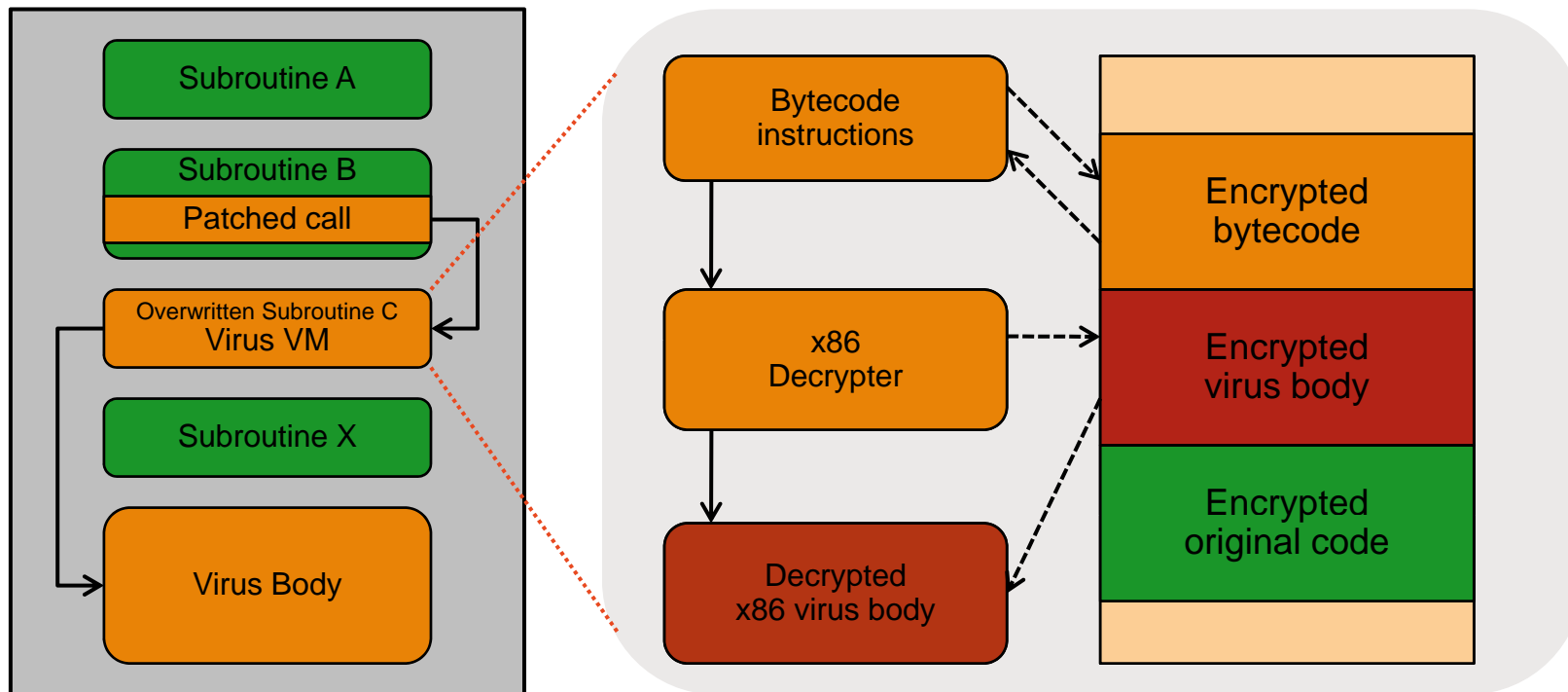
Code encryption & obfuscation

Cracking Xpaj: code and payload



First layer: stack based virtual machine

- Infection entry points are calls to the VM
- VM code and handlers are obfuscated
- Bytecode and viral body are encrypted

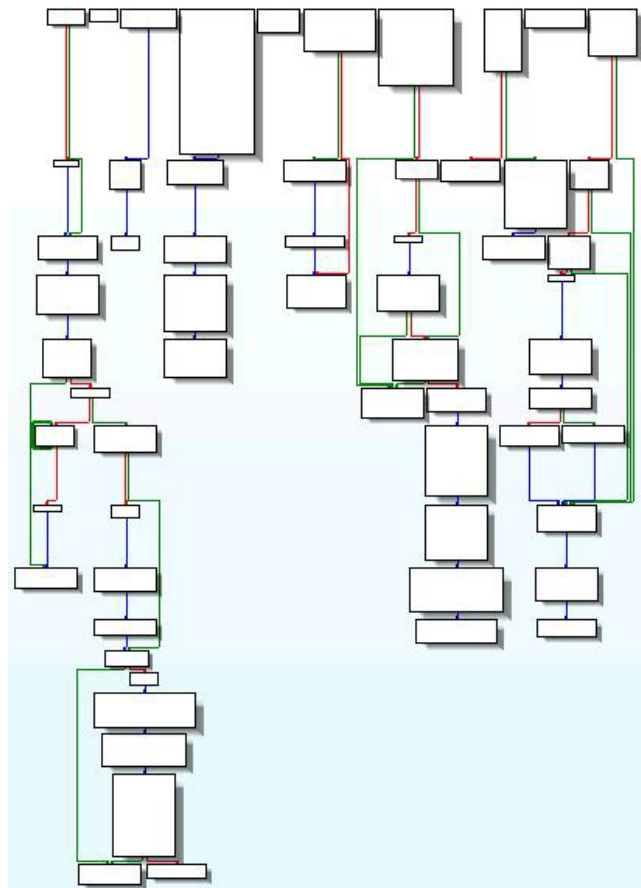


Second layer: obfuscation example

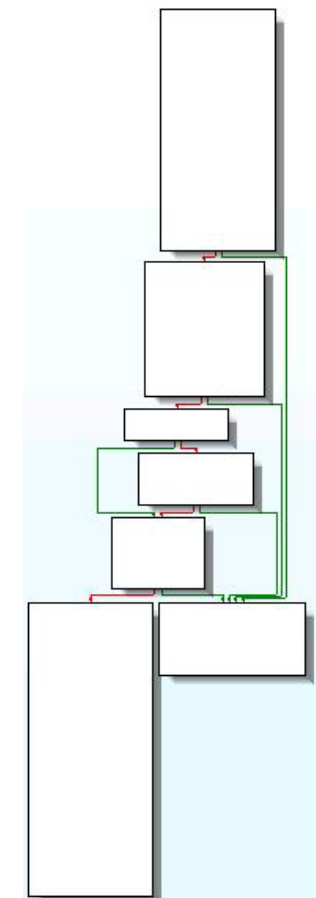
<pre> .data:0038DCF6 .data:0038DCF7 .data:0038DCF9 .data:0038DCFB .data:0038DCFD loc_38DCFD: .data:0038DCFD .data:0038DD00 .data:0038DD01 .data:0038DD06 .data:0038DD06 ; END OF FUNCTION CHUNK FOR sub_39582A .data:0038DD0B ; .data:0038DD0B .data:0038DD0D .data:0038DD10 loc_38DD10: .data:0038DD10 .data:0038DD15 .data:0038DD1A ; START OF FUNCTION CHUNK FOR sub_393B98 .data:0038DD1A loc_38DD1A: .data:0038DD1A .data:0038DD1B .data:0038DD1D .data:0038DD1D ; END OF FUNCTION CHUNK FOR sub_393B98 .data:0038DD22 ; .data:0038DD22 loc_38DD22: .data:0038DD22 .data:0038DD27 .data:0038DD28 .data:0038DD2D .data:0038DD30 .data:0038DD32 .data:0038DD37 ; .data:0038DD37 .data:0038DD3A </pre>	<pre> push eax mov eax, esp js short loc_38DCFD cmp edi, esi or [eax+4], esi pop eax call sub_395428 jmp loc_38E043 xor ecx, edi lea ecx, [esi+ecx] push 0FFFE8486h call sub_3A1B3C dec esi push 0 jmp loc_395D0A push 3836C63Eh push esi call sub_389A84 mov [ebp+4], eax mov eax, edi jmp loc_3A531F add ecx, [esi+20h] or [esp-5Bh], edx </pre>	<p>Junk code</p> <p>Blocks scattering</p> <p>Dynamic jumps</p> <p>API resolved by hash</p>
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Second layer: obfuscation example

Just to give you an idea:



Obfuscated



Deobfuscated



Network Communication

Cracking Xpaj: code and payload



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C&C Communication

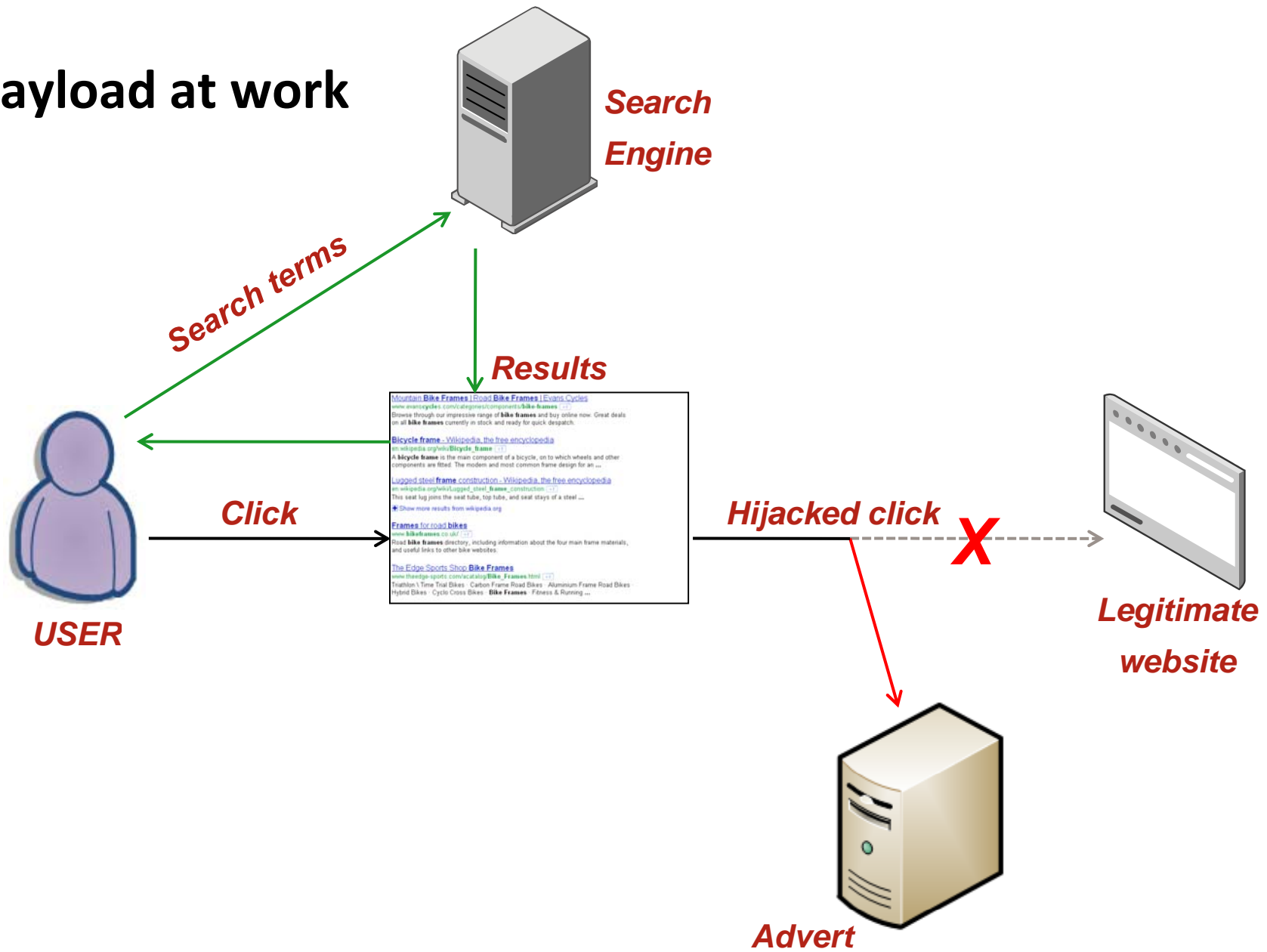
- C&C address in embedded configuration
 - send/receive data BLOBs
- Pseudo-random domain generator

- BLOBs are encrypted and verified
- BLOBs may contain:
 - New configuration data
 - Updated worm binary
 - Payload DLLs
 - Infection tracking information
 - Data about search terms hijacking

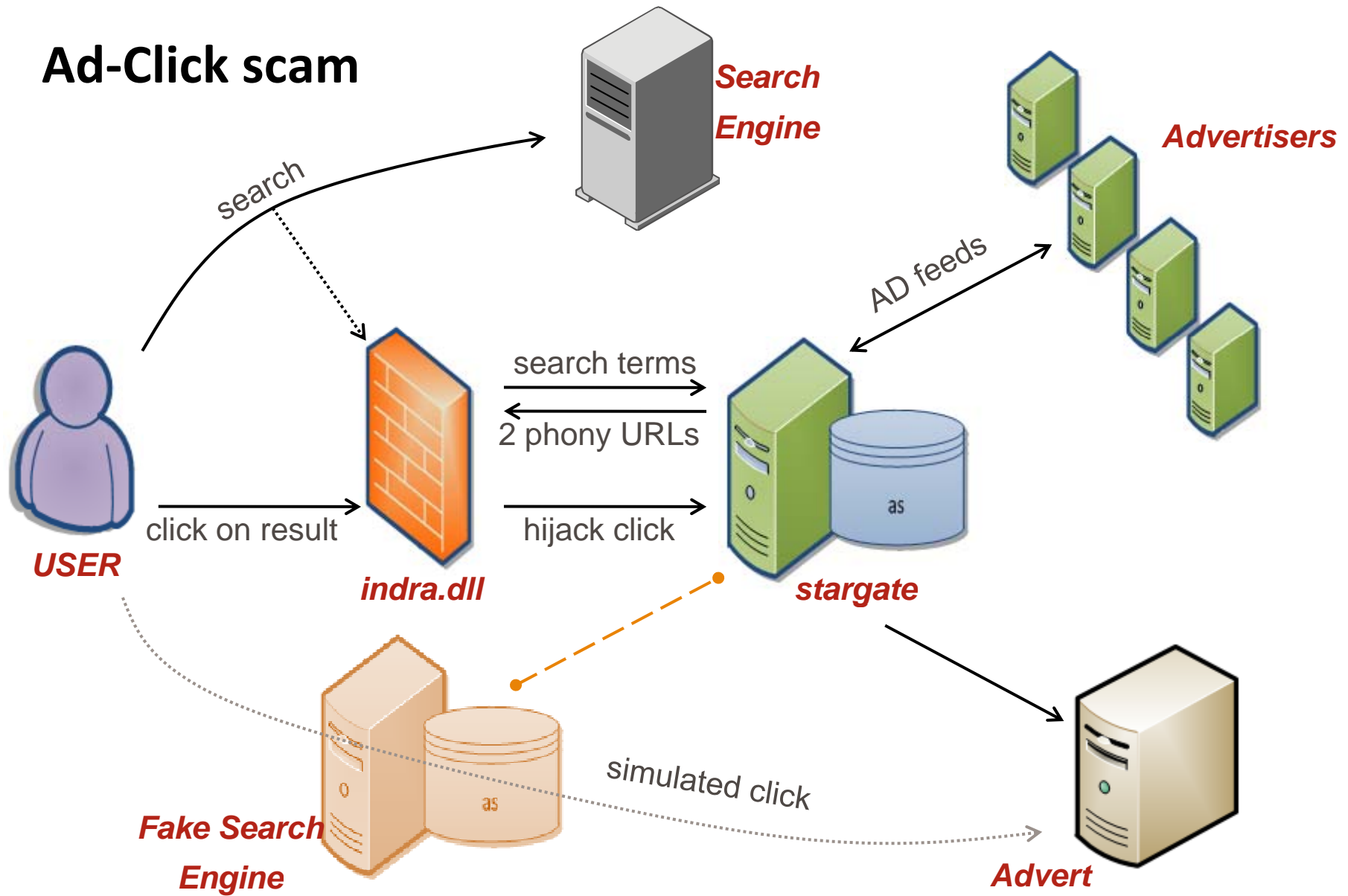


Payload functionality

Payload at work



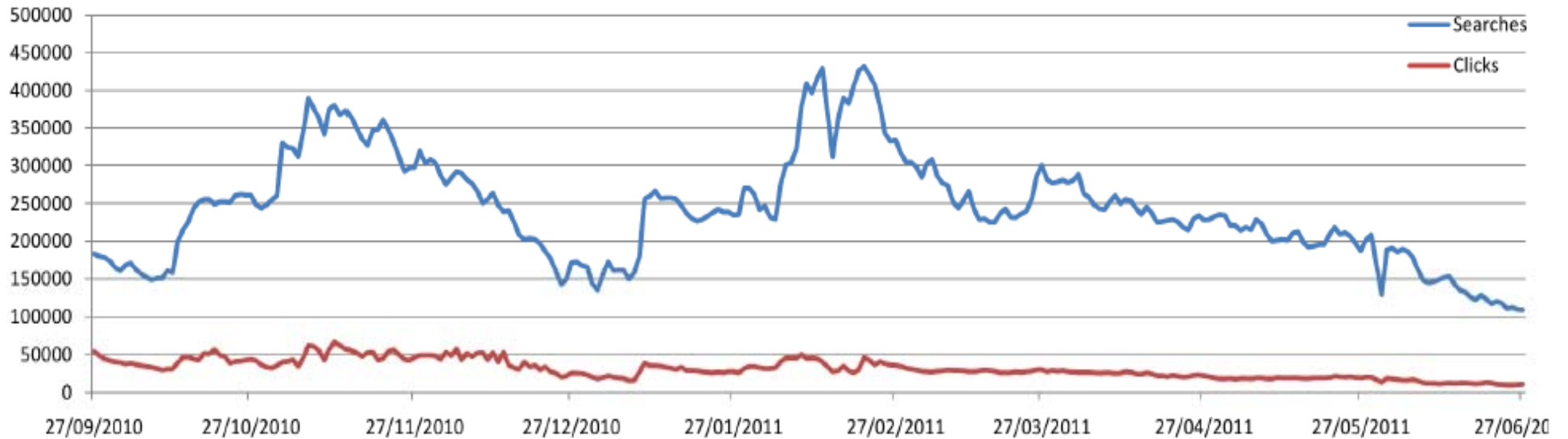
Ad-Click scam



Number of unique IP connections per day



Number of clicks and searches over time



Inside the C&C server: AdClicking scam

Earnings over time per day in USD



Total earnings in observed period of time: \$46404

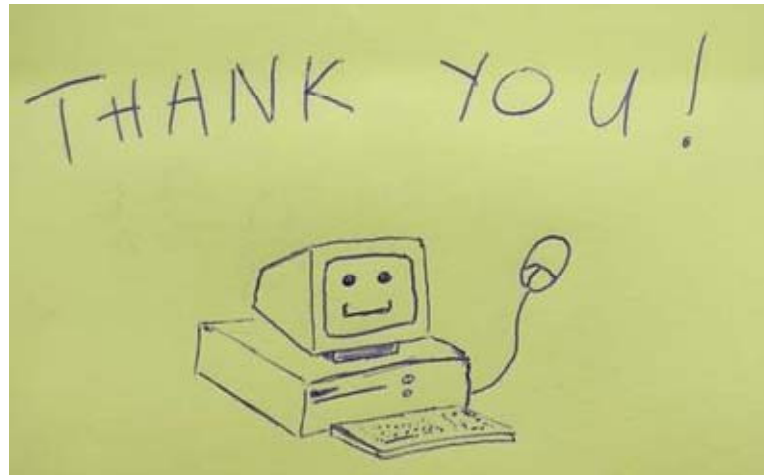


Conclusion

Conclusion

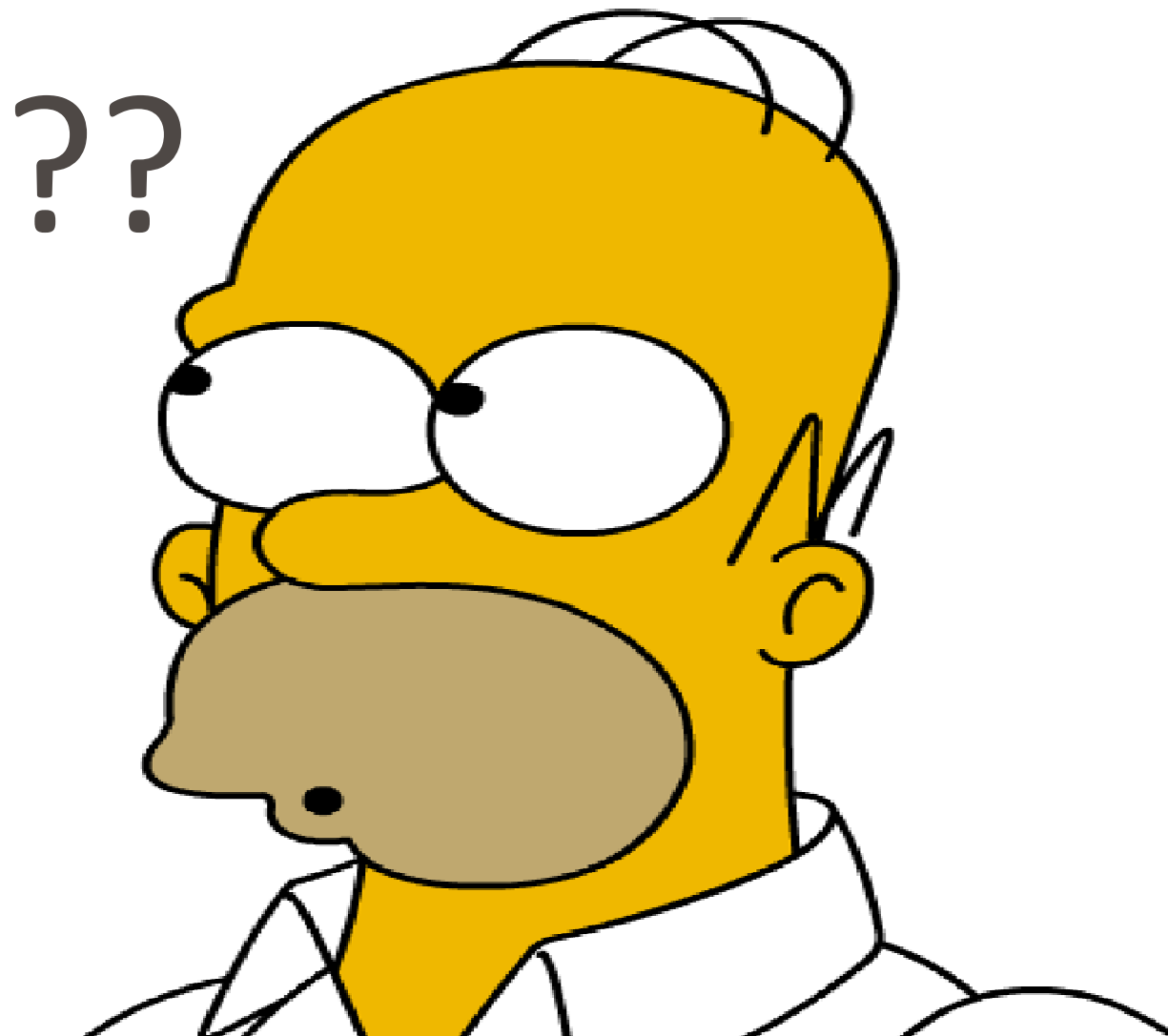
- In time Xpaj added:
 - Encryption of virus body
 - Virtual Machine
 - Compression

 - In the future?
 - Kernelmode infection
 - P2P functionality
 - Parse Http commands
- ... maybe!



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Questions

Reference

A detailed whitepaper about W32.Xpaj.B is available from Symantec's website:

[http://www.symantec.com/content/en/us/enterprise/
media/security_response/whitepapers/w32_xpaj_
b.pdf](http://www.symantec.com/content/en/us/enterprise/media/security_response/whitepapers/w32_xpaj_b.pdf)